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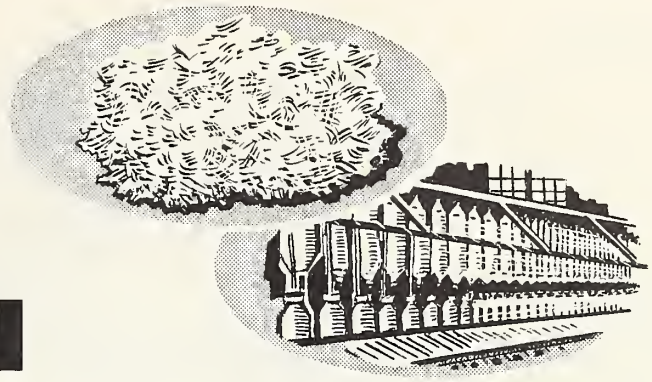
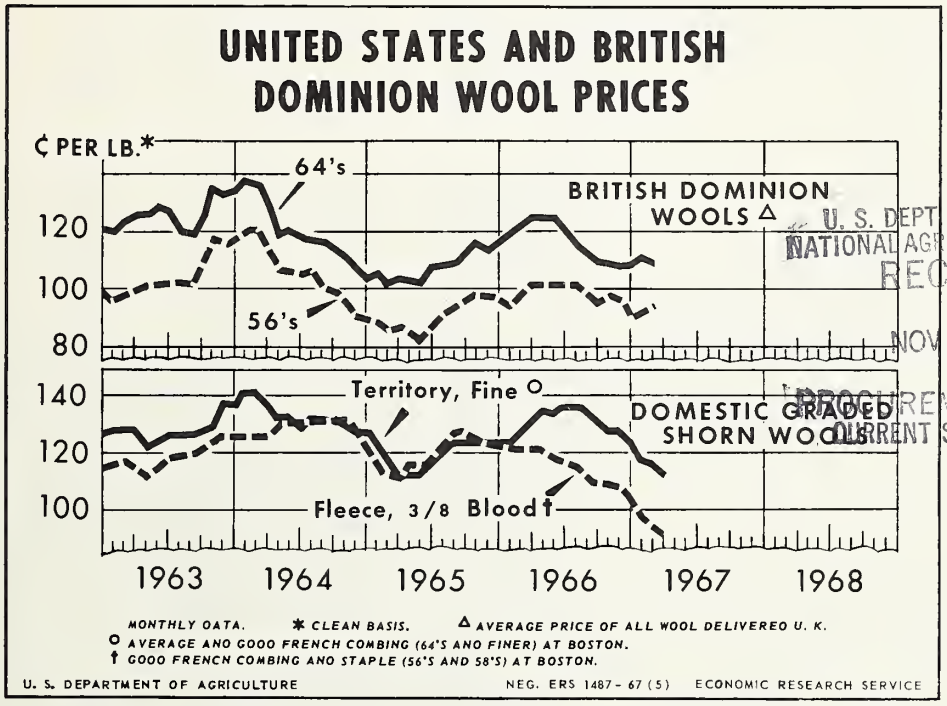


WOOL SITUATION

TWS-79

For A.M. Release, May 24, 1967



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1966 U. S. Wool Production

Per Capita Fiber Use

Published Four Times A Year
ECONOMIC RESEARCH SERVICE • U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Wool Situation at a Glance

Item	Unit	1966 Jan.	1966 Feb.	1966 Mar.	1967 Jan.	1967 Feb.	1967 Mar.
Average price received by farmers, grease basis	Ct. per lb.	47.7	50.2	53.1	45.6	43.6	41.1
Parity price 1/	Ct. per lb.	83.7	84.2	84.7	86.0	85.8	86.0
Farm price as a percentage of parity	Percent	57	60	63	53	51	48
Index numbers of prices received by farmers	1910-14=100	265	268	278	256	245	231
Index numbers of prices received by farmers	1957-59=100	108	109	113	104	99	94
Domestic prices, Boston, clean basis 2/							
Graded territory							
Fine, good French combing and staple	Ct. per lb.	128.0	129.1	132.5	128.8	122.5	121.3
1/2 blood, good French combing and staple	Ct. per lb.	126.0	126.4	127.5	122.5	112.5	111.7
Graded fleece							
3/8 blood, good French combing and staple	Ct. per lb.	123.5	122.9	122.5	105.0	97.5	94.5
1/4 blood, good French combing and staple	Ct. per lb.	122.5	120.9	119.5	100.0	92.5	89.1
Original bag Texas, fine 12 months							
good French combing and staple	Ct. per lb.	129.0	129.9	132.5	130.0	127.5	121.5
Imported prices, Boston, clean, excluding duty 2/							
Australian, 64's 70's, good topmaking	Ct. per lb.	122.5	122.5	123.5	118.8	117.5	117.5
Australian, 64's combing	Ct. per lb.	117.5	117.5	118.5	113.8	112.5	112.5
Montevideo, 0's (58's, 60's)	Ct. per lb.	95.8	96.0	97.3	98.8	97.5	97.5
Montevideo, 2's (50's)	Ct. per lb.	88.5	88.5	88.5	88.8	87.5	87.5
Buenos Aires, 5's (40's)	Ct. per lb.	73.5	73.5	73.5	55.0	53.9	87.5
BLS Wholesale price index 3/							
All commodities	1957-59=100	104.6	105.4	105.4	106.2	106.0	105.7
Textile products and apparel	1957-59=100	101.9	102.0	102.1	102.0	102.0	101.8
Wool products	1957-59=100	105.9	105.8	106.0	104.7	104.7	104.0
Wool broadwoven fabrics	1957-59=100	106.0	106.0	106.0	106.8	106.8	106.8
Personal income payments (adjusted) 4/	Bil. dol.	560.2	564.7	569.0	607.5	609.7	613.1
Retail store sales (apparel group adjusted) 4/	Mil. dol.	1,417	1,450	1,377	1,508	---	---
Mill consumption, scoured basis 5/							
Average weekly rate (unadjusted) 6/							
Apparel wool	1,000 lb.	5,838	5,822	5,865	4,629	4,563	---
Carpet wool	1,000 lb.	2,243	2,287	2,260	1,779	1,559	---
Average weekly rate (seasonally adjusted) 6/							
Apparel wool	1,000 lb.	5,867	5,508	5,623	4,652	4,317	---
Carpet wool	1,000 lb.	2,188	2,249	2,260	1,736	1,533	---
Monthly aggregates 6/							
Apparel wool	Mil. lb.	23.4	23.3	29.3	18.5	18.3	---
Carpet wool	Mil. lb.	9.0	9.1	11.3	7.1	6.2	---
Accumulated since January 1							
Apparel wool	Mil. lb.	23.4	46.6	76.0	18.5	36.7	---
Carpet wool	Mil. lb.	9.0	18.1	29.4	7.1	13.4	---
Total apparel and carpet	Mil. lb.	32.4	64.7	105.4	25.6	50.1	---
Imports for consumption, clean content							
Monthly aggregates							
Dutiable wools	1,000 lb.	18,956	16,995	22,188	9,493	8,914	11,836
Duty-free wools	1,000 lb.	9,115	6,986	10,781	7,027	4,208	5,743
Accumulated since January 1							
Dutiable wools	Mil. lb.	19.0	36.0	58.1	9.5	18.4	30.2
Duty-free wools	Mil. lb.	9.1	16.1	26.9	7.0	11.2	17.0
Total dutiable and duty-free	Mil. lb.	28.1	52.1	85.0	16.5	29.6	47.2
Man-made staple and tow prices							
Acrilan 3 denier 7/	Ct. per lb.	110.0	110.0	110.0	110.0	110.0	110.0
Dacron, 3 denier, type 54 7/	Ct. per lb.	84.0	84.0	84.0	72.0	72.0	72.0
Orlon, 3 denier, 7/	Ct. per lb.	106.0	106.0	106.0	106.0	106.0	106.0
Viscose, 1 1/2 denier 8/	Ct. per lb.	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0

1/ Effective parity prices as computed currently using base prices in effect and indexes for months indicated. These are the legally applicable parity prices for the following month. 2/ From Weekly Review of the Boston Wool Market. 3/ United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. 4/ United States Department of Commerce (seasonally adjusted annual rates). 5/ On woolen and worsted systems; excludes wool consumed on the cotton and other spinning systems and in the manufacture of processed felt, hat bodies, and other miscellaneous products. 6/ 4 or 5 weeks generally totaling 13 weeks per quarter. 7/ From Modern Textile Magazine. 8/ From Textile Organon.

T H E W O O L S I T U A T I O N

Approved by the Outlook and Situation Board May 15, 1967

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SUMMARY

World wool prices leveled off during the first 4 months of 1967, after declining sharply in the last half of 1966, but remained below early 1966 levels. In April 1967, prices of British Dominion combing wools averaged 11 percent below a year earlier. Prices are expected to continue around current levels during the next few months. Later in the year, however, some strengthening in prices may occur with a pick up in mill activity.

World wool supplies at the start of the current world season last summer and fall were about the same as a year earlier. Larger production was offset by lower beginning stocks in the 5 surplus-producing countries of the Southern Hemisphere. However, ending stocks in these countries are expected to be somewhat higher.

World wool consumption in calendar 1966 was up slightly and near a record high. Production and international trade in wool textiles were also higher. These increases resulted from a high level of wool mill activity during the first 9 months of the year. Wool mill activity in most countries declined in the fourth quarter.

Domestic wool prices declined sharply during late 1966 and early 1967. Currently they are running well below year earlier levels. Mill consumption of raw wool likely will increase over the current low rate, and some strengthening in prices is expected. A 4 percent reduction in 1967 sheep numbers will result in a further decline in U.S. wool production. Shorn wool production in 1966 totaled an estimated 194 million pounds, grease basis.

In April, USDA began making payments to producers on their 1966 marketings of shorn wool to make up the difference between the 1966 average price to growers of 52.1 cents and the incentive price of 65 cents. For shorn wool, payments amounted to 24.8 percent of returns from sales; the payment rate for unshorn lambs sold in 1966 was 52 cents a hundredweight. Payments on mohair were 41.2 percent of grower returns from sales.

Per capita domestic fiber consumption in 1966 was 47.8 pounds--up 6 percent compared with a year earlier. Use of all fibers, except wool, increased. Consumption of wool was 2.5 pounds per capita in 1966--down about 7 percent from a year earlier. The share of the market going to non-cellulosic fibers rose further in 1966 to a record-high of 25 percent. Market shares of all other fibers declined.

Mill use of raw apparel wool during January/February 1967 totaled 37 million pounds, scoured basis--down 21 percent, compared with a year earlier. Seasonally adjusted wool consumption has held relatively stable since late 1966. Some increase is expected, however, as wool prices are lower and general U.S. economic activity is expected to rise. Lower wool consumption in early 1967 was accompanied by a lower level of unfilled orders for finished wool apparel fabrics. At the end of February 1967, unfilled orders for finished wool apparel fabrics were down 43 percent, compared with a year earlier. Inventories of fabrics rose slightly. Competition from man-made fibers was increased further in 1966 by increased production at lower prices.

U.S. output of all woven fabrics in 1966 declined about 1 percent. Production of wool and cotton goods declined; that of man-made fiber was higher. Output of wool apparel fabrics other than Government orders in 1966 declined 5 percent, but this was partly offset by increased production of Government ordered wool fabrics, and nonapparel wool fabrics. Fabric deliveries to the U.S. military forces rose sharply in 1966.

Lower mill consumption of wool in early 1967 resulted in reduced U.S. imports. During January-March 1967, imports of raw apparel wool amounted to 30 million pounds, clean content--down 48 percent, compared with a year earlier. Imports of apparel wool textiles also declined in early 1967. In the first 3 months of 1967, these imports totaled 15 million pounds, raw wool equivalent--19 percent less than a year earlier.

Carpet wool consumption declined about 26 percent in the first 2 months of 1967, compared with a year earlier, and is currently running at a record-low level. Prices of raw carpet wool also declined. However, the favorable impact that lower wool prices might have had on consumption was offset by increasing use of man-made fibers. Lower imports of raw carpet wool accompanied the decline in mill use. During January-March 1967, imports of duty-free wool totaled 17 million pounds, clean content, compared with 27 million pounds in the like period of 1966.

THE DOMESTIC SITUATION

DOMESTIC WOOL PRICES

Prices of U.S. shorn wool in the first half of 1966 rose to relatively high levels as did world prices. Consumption in the United States and most other countries was also increasing during this period. In late 1966 and early 1967, mill consumption declined and prices moved to lower levels. By April 1967, prices of U.S. shorn wool had reached a level sharply below a year earlier. Prices of territory wool grading 60's and finer, for example, averaged 15 percent lower. However, some improvement in U.S. wool prices is expected to occur as the season progresses. U.S. mill consumption may increase. Some increase in the last half of 1967 is also anticipated in general U.S. economic activity. World wool prices are expected to strengthen slightly.

Prices received by growers for shorn wool in 1967 are expected to average moderately lower than the 1966 average of 52.1 cents a pound. So far this season, monthly prices to growers have been down sharply compared with 1966. (See table 1.) Marketings of wool were also lower in early 1966, but probably will increase sharply in the next few weeks.

Table 1.--Average price per pound, grease basis, received by farmers for shorn wool, U.S., by months, 1963-67

Month	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967 1/
	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents
Jan.	45.5	50.3	45.0	47.7	45.6
Feb.	47.5	52.5	45.9	50.2	43.6
Mar.	51.1	54.9	46.3	53.1	41.1
Apr.	49.4	54.6	46.9	54.0	40.3
May	48.7	53.8	47.3	53.3	
June	49.9	54.7	48.8	54.0	
July	49.0	52.4	47.3	51.3	
Aug.	46.2	51.0	46.8	49.0	
Sept.	45.5	50.0	45.9	47.4	
Oct.	46.6	51.2	45.6	42.4	
Nov.	47.2	49.3	46.0	43.0	
Dec.	48.1	47.3	46.8	43.1	
Weighted season average 2/	48.5	53.2	47.1	52.1	

1/ Preliminary. 2/ 9-month period beginning April 1 for 1963, calendar year for 1964 and thereafter.
Crop Reporting Board, SRS.

Price differentials among grades of U.S. shorn wool widened sharply during the last 12 months. In April 1967, Boston prices, clean basis, of wools grading 64's and finer averaged 17 cents a pound less than a year earlier. Prices of wools grading 60's-62's were down 22 cents; prices of 56's-58's, 30 cents; and prices of 50's-54's, 33 cents. (See figure 1.)

1966 SEASON AVERAGE PRICE

The prices growers received in 1966 for shorn wool, grease basis, averaged 52.1 cents a pound. This was 5 cents a pound higher than in 1965 and 3 cents a pound more than the 1962-65 yearly average. Beginning in 1962, shorn wool prices have averaged sharply higher than in previous years. During 1955-61, yearly prices averaged 43.6 cents a pound.

Prices of shorn wool increased more in States producing territory wool than in States producing fleece wool. The average price received in the 11 Western States, Texas, and South Dakota in 1966 was 52.2 cents a pound--5.9 cents more than a year earlier. Shorn wool prices in the native or fleece-wool States averaged 51.8 cents--2.4 cents more than in 1965.

Prices received by growers for shorn wool are net prices at the point of sale, grease basis. These prices exclude marketing charges such as grading, handling, scouring or carbonizing, commissions, and transportation from the local shipping point.

1966 WOOL AND MOHAIR INCENTIVE PAYMENTS

In April 1967, growers began receiving USDA payments on their 1966 sales of shorn wool, under provisions of the National Wool Act of 1954. The payment rate, amounting to $24.80 for every $100 of returns from sales, is based on the difference between the 1966 national-average price of 52.1 cents a pound and the 1966 incentive price of 65 cents a pound. The 1965 payment rate of $31.60 was based on a national-average price of 47.1 cents and an incentive price of 62 cents. (See table 10.)

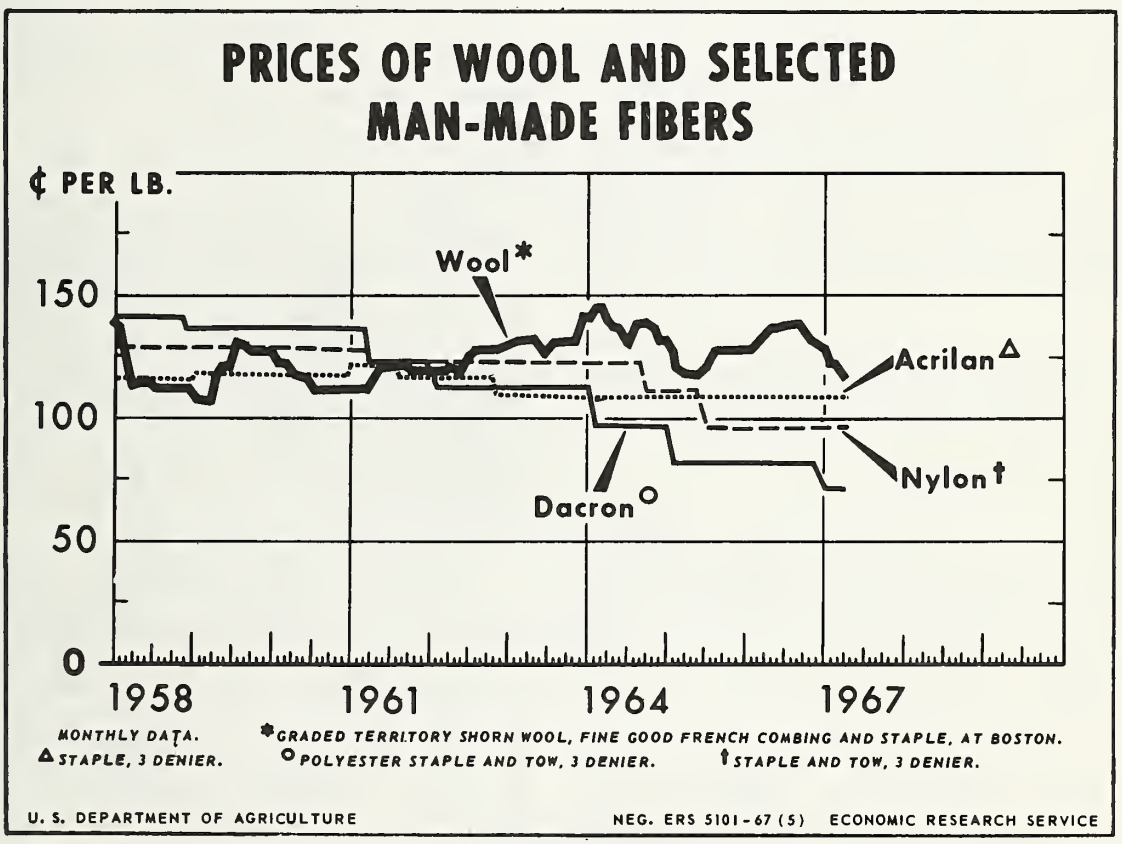

Figure 1

The payment rate for unshorn lambs sold in 1966 was set at 52 cents a hundredweight, compared with 60 cents in 1965. This payment is intended to discourage unusual shearing of lambs before marketing. In determining this rate, consideration is given to the average weight of wool per 100 pounds of lamb, the value of this wool relative to shorn wool, and the shorn wool payment per pound.

Deductions are made from producers payments to finance the activities of the American Sheep Producers Council, Inc. The Council is a growers' organization established to advertise, promote and conduct related market development activities on lamb and wool. On 1966 sales, these deductions amounted to 1.5 cents a pound from shorn wool payments and 7.5 cents a hundredweight for unshorn lamb payments.

Payments are also being made to mohair producers on their 1966 marketings. The payment rate is 41.2 percent of returns from the sale of mohair, based on the difference between the support price of 75.8 cents and the average price of 53.7 cents a pound received by growers. Deductions of 1.5 cents a pound are being made for the mohair advertising and promotion program of the Mohair Council of America, Inc. Mohair producers recently voted in referendum to approve an agreement between the Secretary of Agriculture and the Council to conduct this program. The agreement provides for deductions from payments on marketings from 1966 through 1969.

Payments on 1965 marketings totaled $36.1 million. Shorn wool payments amounted to $28.1 million; unshorn lamb payments, $6.1 million, and mohair payments, $1.9 million.

U.S. WOOL PRODUCTION

As a result of declining sheep numbers, domestic wool production in 1967 is expected to be somewhat less than in 1966. On January 1, 1967, there were an estimated 20.7 million head of stock sheep on U.S. farms and ranches--4 percent less than a year earlier. (See table 11.)

Production of shorn wool during 1966 totaled 194 million pounds, grease basis--down about 4 percent from 1965. This was due almost entirely to fewer sheep being shorn, since the average weight per fleece changed very little. Pulled wool output in 1966 rose slightly to about 24 million pounds, grease basis. The following conversion factors are used to estimate the average clean yield of greasy domestic shorn and pulled wool--47.7 percent and 72.9 percent respectively. Using these factors, the 1966 production totaled an estimated 110 million pounds, clean basis.

The decline in production was more than offset by higher wool prices in 1966, compared with a year earlier, resulting in a larger value. In 1966, the farm value of shorn wool was $101 million--about $6 million more than in 1965. The value of pulled wool is not recorded separately, but is a part of sheep and lamb production value. (See table 11.)

Shorn wool production in 1966 declined about 3 percent in the 11 Western States, Texas, and South Dakota, and about 6 percent in the "native" or fleece-wool States. This resulted in the industry being further concentrated in the 11 Western States, Texas and South Dakota. In 1966, these States accounted for 75 percent of U.S. greasy wool production--up slightly from earlier years. The decrease in 1966 production was general throughout the United States, with producers in only 8 of the 48 conterminous States expanding their output. (See tables 12 and 13.)

PER CAPITA FIBER CONSUMPTION

Domestic consumption--mill consumption adjusted for imports and exports of textile products--of wool, cotton, and man-made fibers in 1966 totaled a record high 9.4 billion pounds--7 percent more than in 1965. Per capita consumption of these fibers in 1966 is estimated at 47.8 pounds. This was 6 percent more than in 1965 and the highest since 1942. Non-cellulosic fiber's share of the market continued to increase in 1966 while the shares of wool, cotton, rayon and acetate declined. (See table 14.)

U.S. per capita domestic consumption of wool declined from 2.7 pounds in 1965 to 2.5 pounds in 1966. Domestic apparel wool consumption in 1966 was about 1.9 pounds per capita--down from 2.0 pounds in 1965, but the same as the 1960-64 average. Domestic carpet wool consumption per capita in 1966 was 0.6 pound. This was the seventh year of a declining movement in carpet wool consumption. (See figures 2 and 3, and table 14.)

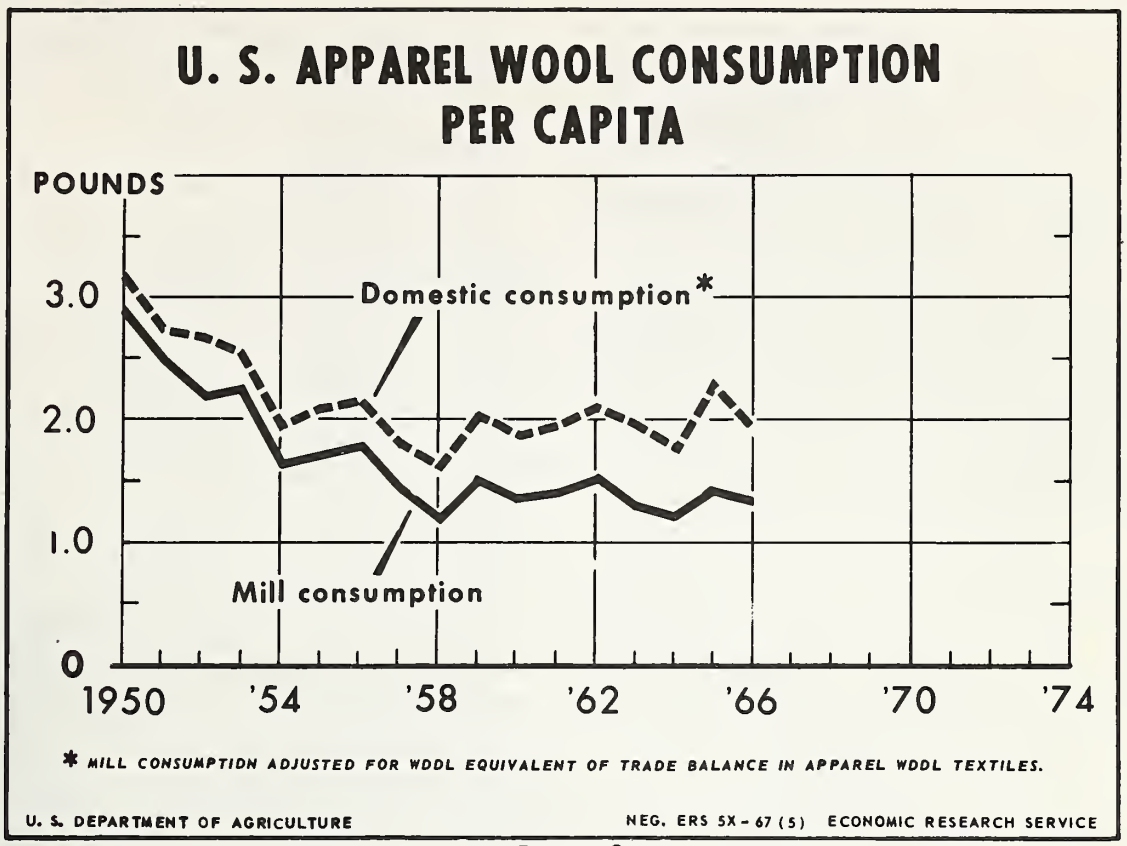

Figure 2

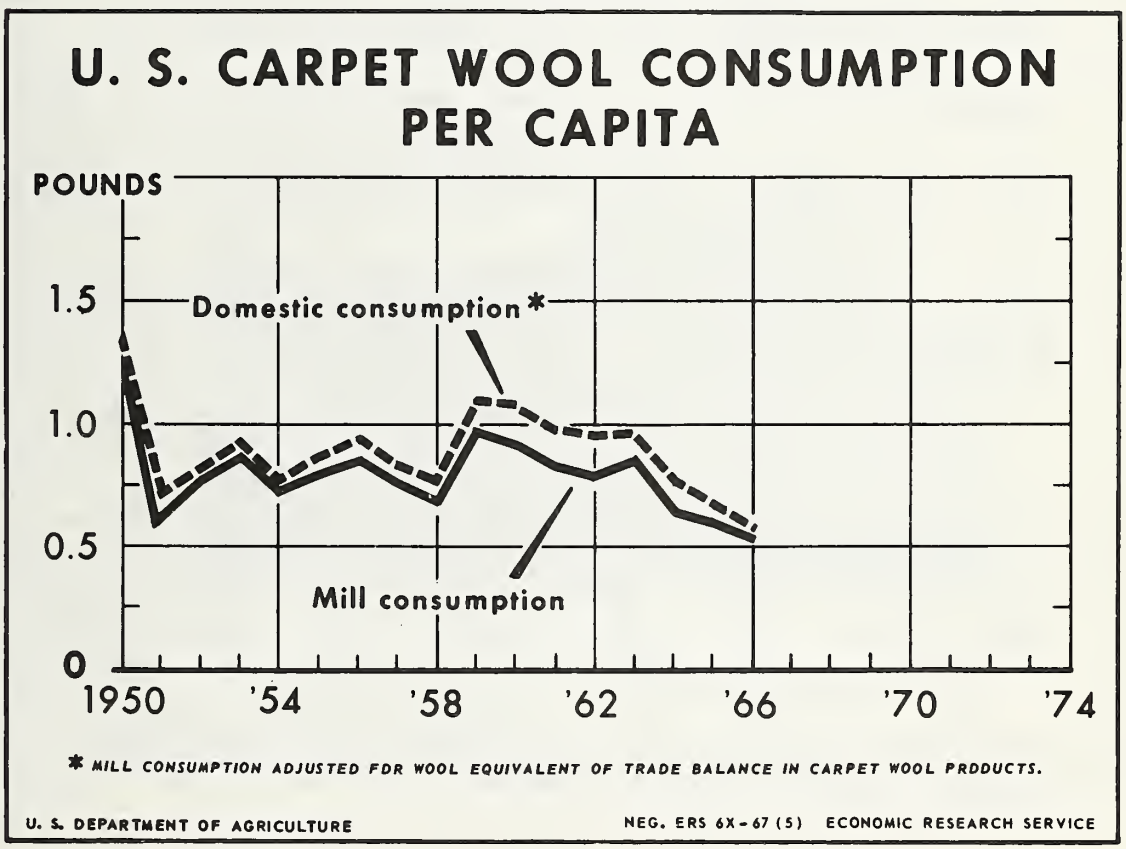

Figure 3

Cotton use per capita in the United States was 25.1 pounds in 1966--up nearly 5 percent from 1965 and the highest since 1956. Domestic use of rayon and acetate amounted to 8.2 pounds in 1966--up slightly from 1965 and the highest since 1955. Consumption of non-cellulosic fibers in 1966 continued the rising trend of previous years and totaled 12.0 pounds per capita. (See table 14.)

Wool's share of domestic fiber consumption decreased further in 1966, reaching a record-low 5 percent. Shares of the market in 1966 going to cotton, and rayon and acetate declined slightly from the previous year. Cotton's share--at 52 percent--was a new low. Non-cellulosic's share rose from about 23 percent in 1965 to 25 percent in 1966.

Per capita mill use of all major fibers--including flax and silk--in 1966 totaled 45.8 pounds--5 percent more than in 1965 and the highest since 1946. Per capita mill use of both apparel and carpet wool declined; use of flax and silk remained negligible; use of all others increased. Non-cellulosic fiber s share of total mill use increased, while the shares of the other fibers declined. (See figures 2, 3, and 4, and table 14.)

MILL CONSUMPTION OF APPAREL WOOL

U.S. mill consumption of apparel wool during the first 2 months of 1967 totaled about 37 million pounds, scoured basis--or 21 percent less than a year earlier. (See table 2.) Consumption on the worsted system declined 28 percent and totaled about 21 million pounds. Use on the woolen system in January-February 1967 amounted to nearly 16 million pounds--down 9 percent, compared with a year earlier. (See table 15.) The seasonally adjusted weekly rate of mill consumption has remained relatively stable at a low level since September 1966. Wool prices were also low during this period. During the 5 months, October 1966 to February 1967, mill use of raw apparel wool was running at an annual rate of about 231 million pounds. General U.S. demand conditions, however, may improve in the coming months of 1967, resulting in a moderate increase in mill consumption.

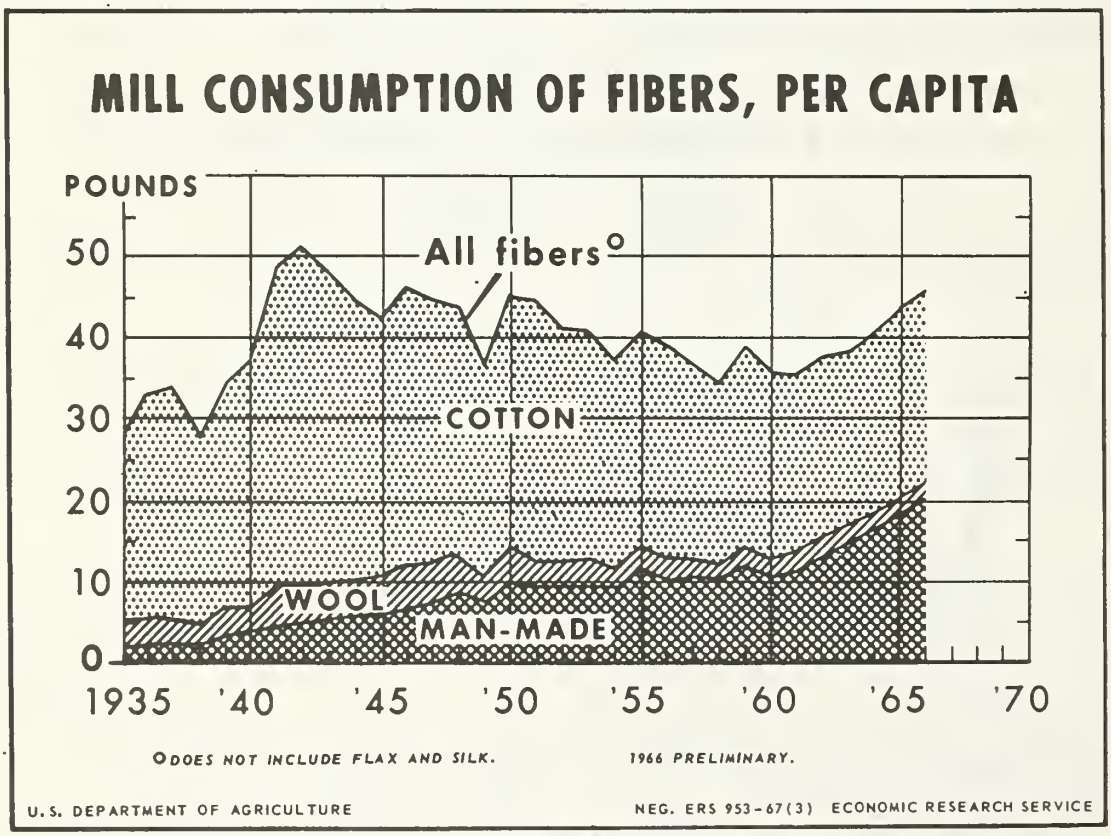

Figure 4

Table 2.--U.S. mill consumption of raw wool, scoured basis, January-February 1958 to date

Year	Apparel wool	Carpet wool	Total
	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.
1958	31,454	20,770	52,224
1959	39,717	30,260	69,977
1960	40,803	32,338	73,141
1961	34,568	23,997	58,565
1962	48,367	25,622	73,989
1963	48,285	27,639	75,924
1964	41,721	24,481	66,202
1965 1/	38,897	18,143	57,040
1966 1/	46,640	18,117	64,757
1967 1/	36,766	13,352	50,118

1/ Preliminary.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Wool prices are expected to continue below year earlier levels during the next several months, but the effect on consumption wil be partly offset by increased competition from man-made fibers.

There was a slight shift in early 1967 away from the use of wools grading 60's and finer. The trend to using more of the wools grading 60's and finer on the worsted system continued. On the woolen system, a shift to a larger share of the coarser wools occurred. (See table 3.)

Production of wool top in January-February 1967 totaled about 20 million pounds--down 28 percent compared with a year earlier. Production of noils also declined sharply in early 1967. Wool's share of total fiber combed on the worsted system in early 1967 was 90 percent--about the same as a year earlier. (See table 15.)

In the first 2 months of 1967, mill use of all fibers on the woolen system for yarns, except carpet and rug, declined 11 percent, compared with a year earlier. Raw wool's share of total fiber use increased slightly to over 32 percent. Man-made fiber's share continued to rise and in early 1967 was nearly 30 percent of the total. Reused, reprocessed, and other wool accounted for nearly 36 percent of the total in early 1967--down from over 40 percent in early 1966. (See table 15.)

INVENTORIES AND UNFILLED ORDERS OF FINISHED APPAREL FABRICS

Inventories of finished wool apparel fabrics during the last 12 months increased slightly, but remained at relatively low levels, while unfilled orders declined sharply. At the end of February 1967 at the weaving mill level, inventories of finished wool apparel fabrics totaled 25 million linear yards--up about 7 percent compared with a year earlier. Unfilled orders of finished wool apparel fabrics amounted to 71 million linear yards--about 43 percent less than a year earlier, but about the same, seasonally, as in late 1966. The ratio of inventories to unfilled orders tended to stabilize in early 1967, although at a level sharply higher than a year earlier. A continuation of the ratio at the February level indicates stable mill activity during the next few months. (See tables 4 and 16.)

Table 3.--Percentage distribution of apparel wool consumption, by system and grades, January-February 1963 to date

Year	60's and finer	50's up to 60's	48's and coarser	Total
	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
	Woolen system			
1963	44.8	46.8	8.4	100.0
1964	43.6	46.5	9.9	100.0
1965 1/	40.5	50.8	8.7	100.0
1966 1/	36.9	55.9	7.2	100.0
1967 1/	30.5	62.8	6.7	100.0
	Worsted system			
1963	57.6	38.2	4.2	100.0
1964	51.6	37.2	11.2	100.0
1965 1/	56.9	37.8	5.3	100.0
1966 1/	59.7	40.3		100.0
1967 1/	62.1	37.9		100.0
	Total			
1963	52.4	41.7	5.9	100.0
1964	48.4	40.9	10.7	100.0
1965 1/	50.5	42.9	6.6	100.0
1966 1/	51.4	48.6		100.0
1967 1/	50.4	49.6		100.0

1/ Preliminary.
Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Table 4.--Finished wool apparel fabrics: Ratio of inventories to unfilled orders, by months, 1963 to date

Month	Inventories as a percentage of unfilled orders				
	1963 1/	1964	1965	1966	1967
	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
Jan.	36	35	21	17	37
Feb.	38	37	21	19	35
Mar.	40	39	22	20	
Apr.	45	36	22	25	
May	47	35	21	23	
June	48	33	19	23	
July	46	29	21	24	
Aug.	55	39	19	24	
Sept.	50	27	18	27	
Oct.	50	22	17	26	
Nov.	32	21	20	29	
Dec.	32	20	17	31	

1/ Excluding data for wool-blend fabrics (chiefly polyester).

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Inventories of worsted fabrics at the end of February 1967 were down 9 percent from a year earlier. Inventories of woolen fabrics increased 14 percent; those of polyester-wool blend fabrics were up 6 percent. Unfilled orders declined in all categories. Those of worsteds declined 22 percent; woolens, 41 percent; and polyester-wool blends, 70 percent.

PRODUCTION OF WOOL YARN FOR SALE

Mill production of wool sales yarn for knitting declined sharply during the last half of 1966, but leveled off in early 1967. Output in January and February 1967 was about 36 percent below a year earlier. Production of cotton sales yarn and man-made fiber sales yarn for knitting was also lower in early 1967, reflecting a generally lower rate of activity in the knitting trades.

In the first 2 months of 1967, output of wool sales yarn for weaving and for carpets and rugs was also down sharply, compared with a year earlier. Declines were 22 and 28 percent, respectively.

1966 WOVEN FABRIC PRODUCTION

U.S. production of all woven goods in 1966 totaled 13 billion linear yards--down about 1 percent from 1965. Output of woolen and worsted fabrics declined less than 1 percent, compared with a year earlier. Production of cotton goods in 1966 decreased 4 percent. Man-made fiber goods were produced in record-high quantities during 1966--7 percent more than in 1965. (See table 5.)

Output of finished woolen and worsted apparel fabrics totaled about 251 million linear yards in 1966, a decline of 3 percent from a year earlier. The effect of this decrease on total fabric production was nearly offset by a 56 percent increase in nonapparel fabric output. In addition, Government-ordered wool apparel fabrics more than doubled in 1966 to total over 11 million linear yards. Production of wool apparel fabrics other than Government orders declined about 5 percent in 1966. Men's and boys' wear fabric output--both woolens and worsteds--declined in 1966. Women's and children's wear fabric production was also lower in 1966; production of these woolens declined, while that of worsteds increased. Output of

Table 5.--Production of woolen and worsted fabric and cotton and man-made fiber broadwoven goods, U.S., annual 1957 to date

Year	Woolen and worsted	Cotton 1/	Man-made 1/	
			Rayon and acetate	Non-cellulosic
	Million linear yards	Million linear yards	Million linear yards	Million linear yards
1957	294.5	9,533.8	1,463.9	783.2
1958	271.3	8,973.7	1,654.1	694.5
1959	310.8	9,603.1	1,618.5	836.8
1960	286.5	9,365.6	1,434.3	927.9
1961	286.9	9,168.4	1,465.4	908.1
1962	309.9	9,248.5	1,587.9	1,130.8
1963	284.4	8,759.3	1,714.1	1,287.6
1964	255.2	8,966.1	3,515.5	
1965	267.3	9,237.8	3,899.2	
1966 2/	265.2	8,846.0	4,176.5	

1/ Excluding tire fabric.
2/ Preliminary.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

woven felt in 1966 amounted to about 11 million pounds--up 35 percent compared with a year earlier. (See table 17.)

Fourth quarter 1966 production of woven wool fabrics declined about 11 percent, compared with a year earlier. This decline resulted from sharp declines in output of apparel fabrics for other than Government orders. Production of Government ordered apparel fabrics and nonapparel fabrics was higher. (See table 17.)

Gray wool apparel fabric production in 1966 totaled 254 million linear yards--about 3 percent less than in 1965. Production of woolens totaled 195 million linear yards, and that of worsteds, 59 million linear yards. Both declined slightly compared with a year earlier. During January/February 1967, gray wool fabric production totaled 37 million linear yards--or 14 percent less than a year earlier. Production of both woolen and worsted fabrics declined.

Fabrics delivered to U.S. military forces in 1966 rose sharply, totaling about 272 million square yards. This represented about 143 million pounds of fiber. Fabrics of 100 percent wool amounted to about 20 million square yards, or about 15 million pounds. Deliveries in the last half of 1966 increased sharply and remained relatively high in early 1967. (See tables 18 and 19.)

DUTIABLE RAW WOOL IMPORTS

Reduced mill consumption was a major factor in the sharp decline in U.S. imports of dutiable raw wool during the last half of 1966 and early 1967. In the first 3 months of 1967, imports of dutiable raw wool totaled 30 million pounds, clean content--48 percent less than a year earlier. Some increase, however, is expected in mill consumption and will likely be accompanied by larger U.S. purchases of foreign wool in coming months. A slightly smaller domestic wool clip in 1967 is also expected to result in larger imports. (See table 6.)

The 5 surplus-producing countries of the Southern Hemisphere continued to supply most of the dutiable raw wool imported by the United States--95 percent in first quarter 1967. Comparing January-March 1967 with the first quarter of 1966, Australia's share increased to 45 percent of the total, compared with 41 percent in 1966; New Zealand's share rose moderately to 20 percent in 1967; South Africa's share increased to 15 percent in 1967, compared with 11 percent in 1966; Argentina's share declined slightly to 11 percent; and Uruguay's share dropped sharply from 17 percent in 1966 to 4 percent in 1967.

Table 6.--U.S. imports of dutiable and duty-free wool for consumption, clean content, January-March 1958 to date

Year	Dutiable	Duty-free	Total
	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.
1958	16,970	28,677	45,647
1959	31,894	56,326	88,220
1960	25,854	43,556	69,410
1961	23,288	40,527	63,815
1962	37,288	32,834	70,122
1963	41,330	43,667	84,996
1964	26,495	32,117	58,612
1965	37,710	20,275	57,985
1966 1/	58,139	26,882	85,021
1967 1/	30,243	16,977	47,220

1/ Preliminary.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

There were moderate shifts in the quality composition of dutiable wool imports. Wools grading 56's and finer in early 1967 accounted for about 71 percent of total dutiable imports, compared with nearly 74 percent in early 1966. (See table 7.)

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF WOOL TEXTILE PRODUCTS

U.S. imports of wool textile products declined during late 1966 and early 1967, accompanying the generally lower level of wool mill activity. During first quarter 1967, imports of all semiprocessed and manufactured wool textile products amounted to 28 million pounds, raw wool equivalent--down 23 percent from a year earlier. Exports of wool textiles totaled 3 million pounds--down 16 percent. As a result, the U.S. foreign trade textile import balance in the first 3 months of 1967 was 25 million pounds, or 24 percent less than a year earlier. (See tables 20 and 21.)

Table 7.--Quality composition of dutiable and duty-free imports, clean content, United States, January-March 1964 to date

Grade	1964	1965	1966 1/	1967 1/
	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
	Dutiable			
Finer than 56's	69.4	74.7	73.6	70.7
46's to 56's	7.9	14.7	13.7	17.1
40's to 46's	6.4	3.4	5.1	3.2
Not finer than 40's	16.3	7.2	7.6	9.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Duty-free			
44's to 46's	14.2	10.7	11.1	14.4
40's to 44's	13.7	21.7	27.7	30.4
Not finer than 40's	35.0	45.7	37.4	39.5
Donskoi, Smyrna, etc.	37.1	21.9	23.8	15.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

1/ Preliminary.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Apparel product imports in January-March 1967 totaled 15 million pounds, raw wool equivalent--a decline of 19 percent from a year earlier. Decreases ranged from 1 percent for wearing apparel other than knit to 53 percent for other manufactures. Noil imports, at 7 million pounds, were down 16 percent. Imports of wastes totaled 3 million pounds, down about 36 percent. Wool carpet and rug imports of 2 million pounds were down 36 percent.

MILL USE OF CARPET WOOL

Mill use of wool in the spinning of carpet and rug yarns in January-February 1967 totaled about 13 million pounds, scoured basis--down 26 percent compared with a year earlier. (See table 2.) Carpet wool consumption declined sharply during the last half of 1966 and early 1967. During October 1966 to February 1967, consumption was running at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of about 90 million pounds.

Prices of carpet wool declined sharply in late 1966 and early 1967. Some recovery in consumption during coming months may result from the lower prices and an expected rise in construction activity. Use of the man-made fibers, however, will continue to have a depressing impact on the demand for carpet wool.

Total use of all fibers for carpet yarns on the woolen system declined in January-February 1967. Compared with a year earlier, total fiber use was down 21 percent. Raw wool's share of total fiber use declined; that of man-made fibers increased. (See table 15.)

DUTY-FREE RAW WOOL IMPORTS

U.S. imports of duty-free raw wool during first quarter 1967 was a record low 17 million pounds, clean content--down 37 percent from a year earlier. (See table 6.)

The shift away from the named unimproved wools of the Middle East and Asia continued in 1967. Imports of these wools in early 1967 were about 16 percent of total duty-free imports, compared with 24 percent in early 1966. Imports of the graded improved wools increased. (See table 7.) New Zealand's share of total U.S. imports was 38 percent in early 1967, compared with 39 percent a year earlier. Argentina's share increased slightly to 35 percent in 1967 from 31 percent in 1966.

U.S. MAN-MADE FIBER PRODUCTION

Man-made fiber production in the United States in 1966 continued the upward trend of past years to total 3.9 billion pounds. This was 9 percent larger than in 1965 and nearly double the 1961 production. Output of the cellulosic fibers in 1966 decreased slightly, while output of the non-cellulosics and textile glass fibers rose sharply. (See table 22.)

U.S. rayon output during 1966 declined about 2 percent from a year earlier. Rayon staple and tow production increased, while rayon filament yarn and monofilament output declined. Acetate fiber production in 1966 rose about 2 percent, compared with a year earlier, with increases in both the filament, and staple and tow categories.

U.S. output of non-cellulosic fibers in 1966 totaled 2.1 billion pounds--up 16 percent from 1965. Similar percentage increases were noted for the filament, and staple and tow categories.

Textile glass fiber production in the United States has quadrupled since 1955. Production in 1966 totaled 332 million pounds--up 18 percent from a year earlier.

THE WORLD WOOL SITUATION

WORLD WOOL PRICES

World wool prices in the first 4 months of 1967 were relatively stable, although sharply below early 1966. April prices of British Dominion combing wools averaged 11 percent less than a year earlier. The current price level likely will be maintained during the next few months. By late 1967, however, world wool consumption likely will increase and some slight rise in prices is expected.

Declining wool consumption and competition from man-made fibers were factors associated with the rapid drop in world wool prices during the last half of 1966. Prices of grade 64's, for example, declined 12 percent between July 1966 and January 1967. Lower wool prices this spring put wool in a stronger competitive position with man-made fibers, compared with a year earlier, and may result in expanded consumption. This factor is likely associated with the leveling off in wool prices during the last few months.

Ending stocks of wool in Uruguay and New Zealand are expected to be up sharply, compared with a year earlier. In Uruguay, taxes on exports have resulted in smaller wool exports, and larger stocks. This accumulation of wool will have some impact on future prices, depending on when export conditions improve.

The New Zealand Wool Commission in July 1966-March 1967 purchased 24 percent of that countries's total offerings. However, most of these purchases have been made since December. In March, the Commission took 49 percent of the offerings. Of wools purchased through February of this year, 88 percent were 46/50's and coarser, 11 percent were 48/50's to 50/56's, and 1 percent was 56's and finer. The Commission buys wool when the market price drops below the reserve price and sells wool when the market price exceeds the reserve price. The average reserve price is announced at the beginning of each season, July, and is usually held constant throughout the year. New Zealand's reserve price for 1967/68 will not be known until the new season opens.

Price differentials among grades of British Dominion wools narrowed slightly during the last 12 months. In April 1967, prices of 56's and finer wools averaged about 13 cents a pound, clean basis, less than a year earlier. Prices of 46's to 50's declined 8 cents, with the New Zealand Wool Commission providing floor-price support in 1967. (See table 23 and the cover chart.)

WORLD WOOL PRODUCTION AND CONSUMPTION

World wool production in 1966/67 rose slightly and totaled an estimated 3.3 billion pounds, clean content. This was near the 1963/64 record high output. World wool consumption during 1966 also increased and probably reached a record high. During 1960-62, consumption exceeded production and resulted in sharply reduced stocks. Since 1962, production and consumption have been closely in balance. (See table 8.)

Table 8.--Estimated world consumption and production of raw wool, clean content, annual 1957 to date

Year	Consumption 1/	Production 2/
	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.
1957	2,952	2,889
1958	2,757	3,051
1959	3,172	3,220
1960	3,310	3,225
1961	3,332	3,270
1962	3,318	3,263
1963	3,323	3,336
1964	3,235	3,270
1965	3,247	3,252
1966 3/	3,350	3,320

1/ Calendar year. 2/ Marketing year. 3/ Estimated.

Compiled from reports of the Commonwealth Secretariat.

Raw wool consumption during 1966 in 8 chief consuming countries of the Free World is estimated at 1.9 billion pounds, clean content--up about 5 percent from 1965. Increased wool consumption in Japan, France, Italy, and West Germany more than offset the declining use in the United States and the United Kingdom. Fourth quarter 1966 wool consumption in these 8 countries declined about 6 percent compared with a year earlier. Decreases in late 1966 were under way in every country except Italy and Japan. (See table 24.)

1966 WORLD WOOL TEXTILE PRODUCTION

Wool textile production in major manufacturing countries during 1966 rose moderately above a year earlier. This increase was in the worsted sector; consequently, the associated price impact on raw wool was limited mostly to the finer combing grades. Wool top and worsted yarn production in 1966 is estimated to have been 7 and 10 percent, respectively, higher than in 1965. Yarn spun on the woolen system declined slightly--roughly 1 percent. A 3 percent increase was recorded in production of woven wool fabrics. (See table 25.)

The daily rates of output of wool textiles during the final quarter of 1966 were below 3rd quarter 1966 and year earlier levels.

Wool textile production in Japan during 1966 averaged moderately higher than in 1965; output of wool top and worsted yarn was up 15 and 10 percent respectively; production of woolen yarn declined slightly. Production of wool textiles in the United Kingdom has declined each year since 1963; in 1966, production was 2 to 7 percent below 1965. In the United States, 1966 production of all wool items was off slightly compared with a year earlier. Wool textile output in France rose sharply in 1966; woolen yarn output increased 4 percent, while wool top and worsted yarn production rose 12 percent and 17 percent, respectively. Wool textile production in Italy during 1966 showed marked increases over 1965; woolen yarn output rose 6 percent; worsted yarn, 17 percent; wool tops, 30 percent; and woven wool fabrics, 26 percent. Output in West Germany showed mixed trends during 1966; production of worsted products increased, while that of woolens declined. (See table 25.)

RAW WOOL EXPORTS

Exports of raw wool from the 5 major surplus-producing countries of the Southern Hemisphere declined about 5 percent so far in the current season, compared with a year earlier. Wool exports from Australia and New Zealand were down slightly. Shipments from South Africa were down about 11 percent. Sharper decreases occurred in exports from Argentina and Uruguay, 16 percent and 52 percent, respectively. (See table 9.)

WORLD TRADE IN WOOL PRODUCTS

World trade in wool products during 1966 was moderately above 1965 levels. Large increases in the first half of 1966, however, were partly offset by decreases in the last half. Fourth quarter 1966 trade was off sharply, compared with a year earlier. (See table 26.)

Exports of wool tops from 10 countries in 1966 increased about 3 percent from 1965. Australian exports increased 10 percent and Uruguayan exports were up 36 percent. Imports of wool tops into 16 countries during 1966 rose nearly 8 percent from a year earlier. Belgium, West Germany, and Switzerland recorded rather sharp increases; Italy imported 35 percent fewer tops.

In 1966, total woolen and worsted yarn exports of 9 countries rose about 5 percent above 1965 exports. Shipments from Japan increased 50 percent, and exports from Belgium were up 11 percent; French exports were down 6 percent and Italian shipments fell 16 percent. Imports of wool yarns into 12 countries were up about 1 percent in 1966. The most notable increases were in Belgium and the Netherlands; West Germany's imports declined.

Exports of woolen and worsted fabrics from 9 countries in 1966 increased about 4 percent, compared with a year earlier. Exports from Italy and Belgium increased; those from the United Kingdom and Japan declined.

Table 9.--Exports of wool, actual weight, from Southern Hemisphere surplus-producing countries, 1964/65, 1965/66, and 1966/67 seasons through February 1/

Exporting countries	1964/65	1965/66	1966/67
	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.
Australia 2/	813	829	828
New Zealand	294	327	321
Republic of South Africa	148	179	159
Argentina	40	141	118
Uruguay	33	65	31

1/ Season beginning July 1 in Australia, New Zealand, and Republic of South Africa, and beginning October 1, in Argentina and Uruguay. 2/ Through January.

Compiled from reports of the Commonwealth Secretariat.

STATISTICAL SUMMARY

Part I - Domestic wool prices, Boston, clean basis

Item	1966				1967				Latest data available as percent of a year earlier
	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Percent
Graded territory shorn wool									
Fine good French combing and staple	128.0	129.1	132.5	135.0	128.8	122.5	121.3	117.5	87
1/2 blood good French combing and staple	126.0	126.4	127.5	130.0	122.5	112.5	111.7	107.5	83
3/8 blood good French combing and staple	125.5	125.5	125.5	126.5	107.2	102.5	100.5	91.8	73
1/4 blood good French combing and staple	124.5	124.5	124.5	125.5	103.8	97.5	95.5	87.9	70
Low 1/4 blood	119.5	119.5	119.5	121.0	95.0	92.5	90.5	82.5	68
Common and braid	107.5	107.5	107.5	110.0	90.0	87.5	85.5	82.5	75
Graded fleece shorn wool									
Delaine	127.5	128.8	132.5	135.0	129.4	122.5	121.7	117.5	87
1/2 blood good French combing and staple	124.5	124.5	124.5	126.0	120.0	112.5	106.7	103.8	82
3/8 blood good French combing and staple	123.5	122.9	122.5	122.5	105.0	97.5	94.5	91.8	75
1/4 blood good French combing and staple	122.5	120.9	119.5	121.1	100.0	92.5	89.1	87.9	73
Low 1/4 blood	118.5	118.5	118.5	118.5	92.5	87.5	85.5	82.5	70
Common and braid	107.5	107.5	107.5	110.0	87.5	87.5	85.5	82.5	75
Orginial bag Texas shorn wool									
Fine 12 months good French combing and staple	129.0	129.9	132.5	135.0	130.0	127.5	121.5	112.5	83
Fine 8 months (1 in. and over)	114.5	115.2	117.5	118.0	107.5	107.5	105.5	97.5	83
Fine fall (3/4 in. and over)	107.5	107.5	107.5	107.5	91.9	97.5	96.5	92.5	86
Scoured pulled wool									
70's, 2 in. and longer	132.5	132.5	132.5	132.5	128.1	122.5	122.5	122.5	92
64's, 70's, 1 1/2 in. and longer	126.0	126.0	129.9	132.5	125.0	117.5	117.5	117.5	89
60's, 64's, 1 1/2 in. and longer	122.5	122.5	127.3	130.5	111.2	107.5	107.5	107.5	82
60's, 1 1/2 in. and longer	120.0	120.0	120.9	121.5	106.0	104.5	104.5	104.5	86
58's, 60's, 2 in. and longer	117.0	117.0	117.0	117.0	104.0	102.5	102.0	102.0	87
56's, 58's, 2 in. and longer	115.6	115.5	115.5	115.5	100.0	100.4	100.0	100.0	87
56's, 2 in. and longer	115.0	115.0	115.0	115.0	99.0	97.5	97.5	97.5	85
50's, 56's, 2 in. and longer	112.5	112.5	112.5	112.5	96.5	96.5	96.5	96.5	86
44's, 50's, 4 in. and longer	109.5	109.5	109.5	109.5	94.5	94.5	94.5	94.5	86
36's, 44's, 4 in. and longer	105.0	105.0	105.0	105.0	92.5	92.5	92.5	92.5	88

Compiled from Weekly Review of the Boston Wool Market.

STATISTICAL SUMMARY

Part II - U.S. Mill Consumption and Imports

Item	Unit	1965	1966				1967			Latest data available as percent of a year earlier
		Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	
Mill consumption, scoured basis 1/										
Average weekly rate during month 2/										
Apparel wool 3/	1,000									
60's and finer	pounds	2,802	2,916	3,078	2,932	2,122	2,452	2,181	---	71
50's up to 60's	do.	2,321	2,922	2,744	2,933	1,656	2,177	2,382	---	87
48's and coarser	do.									
Total apparel wool	do.	5,123	5,838	5,822	5,865	3,778	4,629	4,563	---	78
Carpet wool 4/	do.	2,025	2,243	2,287	2,260	1,552	1,779	1,559	---	68
Total apparel and carpet		7,148	8,081	8,109	8,125	5,330	6,408	6,122	---	75
Monthly aggregates 2/										
Apparel wool 3/	Million									
60's and finer	pounds	14.0	11.7	12.3	14.6	10.6	9.8	8.7	---	71
50's up to 60's	do.	11.6	11.7	11.0	14.7	8.3	8.7	9.5	---	86
48's and coarser	do.									
Total apparel wool	do.	25.6	23.4	23.3	29.3	18.9	18.5	18.3	---	79
Carpet wool 4/	do.	10.1	9.0	9.1	11.3	7.8	7.1	6.2	---	68
Total apparel and carpet	do.	35.7	32.4	32.4	40.6	26.7	25.6	24.5	---	76
Accumulated since January 1										
Apparel wool 3/										
By grade										
60's and finer	do.	144.0	11.7	24.0	38.6	137.7	9.8	18.5	---	77
50's up to 60's	do.	5/	11.7	22.7	37.3	128.7	8.7	18.2	---	80
48's and coarser	do.	5/								
By system										
Woolen	do.	101.6	8.5	17.0	27.6	96.2	7.7	15.6	---	92
Worsted	do.	173.1	14.8	29.6	48.4	170.4	10.8	21.2	---	72
Total apparel wool	do.	274.7	23.4	46.6	76.0	266.6	18.5	36.7	---	79
Carpet wool 4/	do.	112.3	9.0	18.1	29.4	103.6	7.1	13.4	---	74
Total apparel and carpet	do.	387.0	32.4	64.7	105.4	370.2	25.6	50.1	---	77
Imports for consumption										
clean content										
Monthly aggregates										
	1,000									
Dutiable wool	pounds									
Finer than 56's	do.	10,832	14,647	12,444	15,728	8,517	7,311	5,870	8,188	52
46's to 56's	do.	1,801	2,098	1,983	3,873	969	1,124	1,618	2,437	63
44's to 46's	do.	76	138	609	273	81	112	160	124	45
40's to 44's	do.	558	611	573	753	267	184	175	208	28
Not finer than 40's	do.	351	1,351	1,195	1,363	840	584	978	725	53
Donskoi, Smyrna, etc.	do.	96	111	191	198	13	178	113	154	78
Total dutiable wool	do.	13,714	18,956	16,995	22,188	10,687	9,493	8,914	11,836	53
Duty-free wool										
44's-46's	do.	820	1,253	806	936	1,835	1,252	633	554	59
40's-44's	do.	1,768	2,342	1,883	3,208	2,532	2,212	1,245	1,702	53
Not finer than 40's	do.	2,735	3,079	3,038	3,937	3,330	2,542	1,528	2,637	67
Donskoi, Smyrna, etc.	do.	2,054	2,441	1,259	2,700	922	1,020	801	849	31
Total duty-free	do.	7,377	9,115	6,986	10,781	8,619	7,027	4,208	5,743	53
Total free and dutiable	do.	21,091	28,071	23,981	32,969	19,306	16,519	13,122	17,579	53
Accumulated since January 1	Million									
Dutiable wool	pounds									
Finer than 56's	do.	119.2	14.6	27.1	42.8	117.7	7.3	13.2	21.4	50
46's to 56's	do.	24.5	2.1	4.1	8.0	21.2	1.1	2.7	5.2	65
44's to 46's	do.	.7	.1	.7	1.0	2.4	.1	.3	.4	40
40's to 44's	do.	5.7	.6	1.2	1.9	7.2	.2	.4	.6	32
Not finer than 40's	do.	11.4	1.4	2.5	3.9	12.2	.6	1.6	2.3	59
Donskoi, Smyrna, etc.	do.	1.1	.1	.3	.5	1.8	.2	.3	.4	80
Total dutiable wool	do.	162.6	19.0	36.0	58.1	162.5	9.5	18.4	30.2	52
Duty-free wool										
44's-46's	do.	13.7	1.3	2.1	3.0	15.2	1.3	1.9	2.4	80
40's-44's	do.	25.2	2.3	4.2	7.4	38.4	2.2	3.5	5.2	70
Not finer than 40's	do.	47.1	3.1	6.1	10.1	40.2	2.5	4.1	6.7	66
Donskoi, Smyrna, etc.	do.	22.9	2.4	3.7	6.4	20.8	1.0	1.8	2.7	42
Total duty-free wool	do.	108.9	9.1	16.1	26.9	114.6	7.0	11.2	17.0	63
Total free and dutiable	do.	271.6	28.1	52.1	85.0	277.2	16.5	29.6	47.2	56

1/ On woolen and worsted systems; excludes wool consumed on the cotton and other spinning systems and in the manufacture of processed felt, hat bodies, and other miscellaneous products.
2/ Monthly periods are 4 or 5 calendar weeks generally totaling 13 weeks per quarter.
3/ Domestic and duty-paid foreign wool.
4/ Duty-free foreign wool.
5/ Not disclosed.
Compiled from reports of the Bursau of the Census.

Table 10.--Marketings covered by and payments under the National Wool Act of 1954

Marketing year 1/	Marketings covered by payments			Incentive or support level		Average price received	
	Shorn wool 2/	Unshorn lambs 2/	Mohair	Shorn wool	Mohair	Shorn wool 3/	Mohair 4/
	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents
1955	260.2	981.8	---	62	70	42.8	82.2
1956	254.3	1,277.1	---	62	70	44.3	84.4
1957	156.1	1,194.2	---	62	70	53.7	83.7
1958	300.1	1,316.3	---	62	70	36.4	72.3
1959	256.3	1,366.9	---	62	70	43.3	96.4
1960	255.0	1,391.0	---	62	70	42.0	89.7
1961	259.7	1,438.2	---	62	73	42.9	85.6
1962	237.3	1,350.2	31.4	62	74	47.7	71.4
1963	169.6	1,033.5	---	62	76	48.5	88.1
1964	199.7	1,248.2	---	62	72	53.2	94.3
1965	194.1	1,202.7	29.5	62	72	47.1	65.5
1966				65	75.8	52.1	53.7
1967				66	76.4		
1968							
1969							

Marketing year 1/	Payment rate			Amount of payments 7/				70 percent of specific and ad valorem duties for calendar year 8/
	Shorn wool 5/	Unshorn lambs 6/	Mohair 5/	Shorn wool	Unshorn lambs	Mohair	Total	
	Percent	Cents	Percent	Million dollars	Million dollars	Million dollars	Million dollars	Million dollars
1955	44.9	77	---	50.0	7.6	---	57.6	49.0
1956	40.0	71	---	44.0	7.9	---	51.9	52.3
1957	15.5	33	---	12.6	3.5	---	16.1	47.1
1958	70.3	102	---	73.7	11.4	---	85.1	50.1
1959	43.2	75	---	45.4	8.5	---	53.9	67.2
1960	47.6	80	---	49.9	9.6	---	59.5	75.3
1961	44.5	76	---	47.8	9.1	---	56.9	69.2
1962	30.0	57	3.6	32.8	6.4	.8	40.0	90.2
1963	27.8	54	---	22.1	5.1	---	27.2	92.4
1964	16.5	35	---	16.7	3.6	---	20.3	79.3
1965	31.6	60	9.9	28.1	6.1	1.9	36.1	121.5
1966	24.8	52	41.2					
1967								
1968								
1969								

1/ Year beginning April 1 for 1955-1962, 9-month period beginning April 1 for 1963, and calendar year for 1964 to date. 2/ Unadjusted for weight of unshorn lambs purchased. 3/ Average price per pound received by growers for wool sold during the marketing year. 4/ U.S. average price per pound computed by weighting State average prices by production. Averages for 1955 and 1956 are calendar years; averages for 1957 and later years are for the marketing year. 5/ Percentage needed to bring the average return per pound up to the incentive or support level. 6/ Per hundred weight of unshorn lambs sold. 7/ Payments made after the close of the marketing year. 8/ The National Wool Act of 1954, as amended, limits the accumulated total of payments under the Act on any date to 70 percent of the accumulated total, as of the same date, of gross receipts from specific and ad valorem duties on wool and wool manufactures on and after January 1, 1953. The accumulated reserve as of January 1, 1955, was 92.7 million dollars.

Farmer Programs Division, Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service.

Table 11.--Stock sheep on January 1, number of sheep and lambs shorn, weight per fleece, price per pound received by growers, value of production, and wool production, United States, 1955 to date

Year	Stock sheep on January 1	Sheep and lambs shorn 1/	Weight per fleece	Shorn wool production	Price per pound 2/	Value of production	Pulled wool production	Total wool production: As reported	Total wool production: Approximate clean fiber equivalent 3/
	Thou.	Thou.	Lb.	Thou. lb.	Ct.	Thou. dol.	Thou. lb.	Thou. lb.	Mil. lb.
1955	27,137	28,149	8.57	241,284	42.8	103,040	41,600	282,884	137.4
1956	26,890	28,469	8.51	242,177	44.3	107,233	40,500	282,677	136.9
1957	26,348	28,415	8.41	239,101	53.7	127,764	33,600	272,701	130.4
1958	27,167	29,403	8.29	243,713	36.4	88,632	30,400	274,113	130.0
1959	28,108	30,763	8.45	259,939	43.3	112,328	34,500	294,439	140.2
1960	28,849	31,081	8.54	265,277	42.0	111,412	33,600	298,877	144.6
1961 4/	28,320	30,454	8.51	259,161	42.9	111,445	34,500	293,661	142.5
1962	26,719	29,193	8.45	246,636	47.7	117,579	29,900	276,536	133.4
1963	25,122	27,264	8.53	232,446	48.5	112,426	28,800	261,246	126.2
1964	23,455	25,455	8.34	212,333	53.2	112,877	25,100	237,433	119.6
1965	21,843	23,756	8.48	201,463	47.1	94,999	23,300	224,763	113.1
1966	21,456	22,875	8.49	194,149	52.1	100,741	24,100	218,249	110.2
1967 5/	20,658								

1/ Includes sheep shorn at commercial feeding yards. 2/ The average price is for the marketing season April through March, 1955-1962; 1963 average, April through December; 1964 and thereafter is on calendar year basis. U.S. average price computed by weighting State average prices for all wool sold by production of shorn wool. 3/ Production as reported converted on basis of 44 percent yield for shorn wool for 1955 through 1959, 45 percent yield for 1960 to 1963; 47.7 percent 1964 to date and 75 percent yield for pulled wool through 1963; 72.9 percent 1964 and thereafter. 4/ Beginning 1961 includes Alaska. 5/ Preliminary.

Compiled from reports of Crop Reporting Board, SRS.

Table 12.--Number of stock sheep, number of sheep shorn, and shorn wool production, Native or fleece wool States and Western sheep States, 1955 to date

Year	"Native" or "fleece" wool States: Stock sheep on January 1	"Native" or "fleece" wool States: Sheep shorn	"Native" or "fleece" wool States: Shorn wool production	11 Western sheep States, Texas and South Dakota 1/: Stock sheep on January 1	11 Western sheep States, Texas and South Dakota 1/: Sheep shorn	11 Western sheep States, Texas and South Dakota 1/: Shorn wool production
	Thousands	Thousands	Thousand pounds	Thousands	Thousands	Thousand pounds
1955	8,673	8,799	67,703	18,464	19,350	173,581
1956	8,823	8,238	71,765	18,067	19,231	170,412
1957	9,026	9,751	74,218	17,322	18,664	164,883
1958	9,265	10,175	75,431	17,902	19,228	168,282
1959	9,229	10,122	76,782	18,879	20,641	183,157
1960	9,035	9,846	74,049	19,814	21,235	191,228
1961	8,720	9,356	70,831	19,585	21,086	188,202
1962	8,108	8,856	67,383	18,596	20,325	179,107
1963	7,148	7,779	59,713	17,958	19,471	172,566
1964	6,425	7,218	55,718	17,012	18,221	156,426
1965	6,045	6,540	51,754	15,778	17,198	149,500
1966	5,757	6,162	48,651	15,676	16,694	145,283
1967	5,387			15,247		

1/ Includes South Dakota, Texas, Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, Nevada, Washington, Oregon and California.

Compiled from reports of Crop Reporting Board, SRS.

Table 13.--Stock sheep on January 1, number of sheep shorn, weight per fleece, and shorn wool production, United States, 1964 to date

Year	Stock sheep on January 1				Sheep and lambs shorn 1/			Weight per fleece			Shorn wool production		
	1964	1965	1966	1967	1964	1965	1966	1964	1965	1966	1964	1965	1966
	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Lb.	Lb.	Lb.	1,000 Lb.	1,000 Lb.	1,000 Lb.
Maine	30	24	20	19	26	21	18	7.1	7.2	7.6	185	151	136
New Hampshire	6	6	5	5	6	5	5	6.7	7.0	7.2	38	38	34
Vermont	9	8	8	8	8	8	8	7.6	8.1	8.1	59	61	61
Massachusetts	11	10	10	10	10	9	9	7.1	7.4	7.8	71	70	73
Rhode Island	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	6.8	7.0	7.2	16	15	14
Connecticut	6	5	5	5	6	5	4	7.1	7.2	7.5	41	35	32
New York	117	110	99	89	108	100	90	7.8	8.1	8.1	842	807	727
New Jersey	12	10	10	9	10	10	10	7.0	7.6	7.6	70	73	72
Pennsylvania	189	189	185	176	174	174	179	7.3	7.6	7.5	1,270	1,322	1,275
North Atlantic	383	365	344	322	350	334	315	7.41	7.70	7.70	2,592	2,572	2,424
Ohio	669	662	649	642	758	734	721	8.7	8.7	8.8	6,598	6,366	6,351
Indiana	307	310	291	274	311	297	278	7.9	7.8	7.8	2,467	2,330	2,158
Illinois	425	374	359	348	536	485	431	7.3	7.6	7.8	3,915	3,678	3,366
Michigan	244	242	235	202	279	278	261	8.6	8.7	8.5	2,402	2,422	2,228
Wisconsin	173	164	157	154	167	158	150	8.0	8.1	8.0	1,338	1,284	1,200
East North Central	1,818	1,752	1,691	1,620	2,051	1,952	1,841	8.15	8.24	8.31	16,720	16,080	15,303
Minnesota	605	563	540	513	685	633	611	7.7	7.9	7.7	5,257	5,013	4,684
Iowa	881	890	810	745	1,178	1,051	965	7.4	7.9	7.8	8,671	8,293	7,526
Missouri	392	361	343	298	425	368	363	7.9	7.9	7.9	3,359	2,924	2,864
North Dakota	475	432	402	383	473	426	382	9.6	9.6	9.4	4,541	4,079	3,577
South Dakota	1,322	1,234	1,202	1,202	1,526	1,355	1,247	8.6	8.9	8.9	13,187	12,032	11,091
Nebraska	283	283	283	252	499	447	408	7.5	7.7	7.8	3,767	3,452	3,182
Kansas	442	393	401	377	537	424	426	8.1	8.3	8.4	4,369	3,525	3,598
West North Central	4,400	4,156	3,981	3,770	5,323	4,704	4,402	8.11	8.36	8.30	43,151	39,318	36,522
Delaware	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	7.2	7.3	7.5	17	18	18
Maryland	24	23	20	19	21	20	18	6.9	7.2	7.0	145	144	126
Virginia	238	228	223	209	217	214	210	6.0	6.0	6.0	1,302	1,284	1,262
West Virginia	214	205	191	178	195	184	170	5.6	5.8	5.7	1,092	1,067	975
North Carolina	31	26	25	22	28	24	23	6.2	6.4	6.2	174	154	143
South Carolina	6	5	4	3	5	4	4	6.6	6.7	6.7	31	26	24
Georgia	10	8	7	7	9	7	6	6.2	6.1	6.2	55	41	38
Florida	8	8	7	6	6	7	6	4.5	5.6	5.2	28	36	29
South Atlantic	534	505	480	447	483	462	439	5.89	6.00	5.96	2,844	2,770	2,615
Kentucky	234	185	168	159	199	157	146	7.1	7.4	7.3	1,413	1,162	1,066
Tennessee	111	95	84	75	97	83	73	5.4	5.6	5.8	524	465	423
Alabama	14	12	10	9	12	10	9	5.6	6.0	6.0	67	60	52
Mississippi	33	27	25	23	27	23	20	5.0	5.0	5.1	135	115	102
Arkansas	20	15	12	11	16	12	10	6.8	6.7	6.7	109	80	67
Louisiana	56	46	41	31	48	42	34	4.4	4.7	4.6	211	197	156
Oklahoma	144	121	123	123	138	117	121	8.3	8.3	8.4	1,139	967	1,012
Texas	5,013	4,411	4,676	4,582	5,341	5,169	5,031	7.3	8.0	7.7	38,836	41,109	38,777
South Central	5,625	4,912	5,139	5,013	5,878	5,613	5,444	7.22	7.87	7.65	42,434	44,155	41,655
Montana	1,461	1,403	1,277	1,226	1,369	1,292	1,213	9.8	9.6	9.7	13,444	12,462	11,792
Idaho	818	785	761	719	818	789	751	10.3	10.0	10.4	8,424	7,856	7,813
Wyoming	2,072	1,989	1,909	1,822	1,971	1,910	1,859	9.9	9.9	10.4	19,513	18,945	19,300
Colorado	1,140	1,060	1,060	1,028	1,324	1,198	1,346	9.6	9.2	8.9	12,692	11,001	11,940
New Mexico	1,055	938	920	907	1,029	922	916	9.3	9.4	9.5	9,537	8,669	8,712
Arizona	471	494	471	421	508	570	506	7.3	7.1	7.2	3,727	4,068	3,627
Utah	1,082	1,028	1,038	1,012	1,905	1,018	991	10.0	9.4	10.0	10,942	9,595	9,895
Nevada	263	242	244	226	243	219	226	10.1	9.5	9.9	2,448	2,075	2,241
Washington	220	189	157	143	232	206	171	9.2	9.2	9.2	2,133	1,894	1,567
Oregon	673	626	582	547	761	662	613	7.8	7.6	8.0	5,918	5,053	4,905
California	1,422	1,379	1,379	1,412	2,004	1,888	1,824	7.8	7.8	7.5	15,625	14,741	13,623
Western	10,677	10,133	9,798	9,462	11,354	10,674	10,416	9.20	9.03	9.16	104,403	96,359	95,415
48 States	23,437	21,823	21,433	20,634	25,439	23,738	22,856	8.34	8.48	8.48	212,144	201,254	193,934
Alaska	18	20	23	24	16	18	19	11.8	11.6	11.3	189	209	215
Hawaii	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
United States	23,455	21,843	21,456	20,658	25,455	23,756	22,875	8.34	8.48	8.49	212,333	201,463	194,149

1/ Includes sheep shorn at commercial feeding yards.

Compiled from reports of Crop Reporting Board, SRS.

Table 14.--U.S. consumption of fibers: Total and per capita, 1954 to date

Year beginning Jan. 1	Population July 1 1/	Cotton			Wool			Rayon and acetate			Non-cellulosic man-made fibers			Man-made fiber waste			Flax and silk			All fibers	
		Total	Percentage of fibers	Per capita	Total	Percentage of fibers	Per capita	Total	Percentage of fibers	Per capita	Total	Percentage of fibers	Per capita	Total	Percentage of fibers	Per capita	Total	Percentage of fibers	Per capita	Total 2/	Per captia 3/
	Mil.	Mil. lb.	Pct.	Lb.	Mil. lb.	Pct.	Lb.	Mil. lb.	Pct.	Lb.	Mil. lb.	Pct.	Lb.	Mil. lb.	Pct.	Lb.	Mil. lb.	Pct.	Lb.	Mil. lb.	Lb.
										Domestic 4/											
1954	162.4	3,885.6	67.7	23.9	439.6	7.6	2.7	1,105.7	19.3	6.8	311.1	5.4	1.9	---	---	---	---	---	---	5,742.0	35.4
1955	165.3	4,206.6	64.5	25.4	489.6	7.5	3.0	1,395.2	21.4	8.4	426.3	6.6	2.6	---	---	---	---	---	---	6,517.8	39.4
1956	168.2	4,216.0	66.0	25.1	526.2	8.2	3.1	1,166.5	18.3	6.9	477.3	7.5	2.8	---	---	---	---	---	---	6,386.0	38.0
1957	171.3	3,878.0	64.3	22.6	449.4	7.4	2.6	1,145.8	19.0	6.7	558.5	9.3	3.3	---	---	---	---	---	---	6,031.7	35.2
1958	174.1	3,729.0	63.8	21.4	416.7	7.1	2.4	1,123.4	19.2	6.4	579.4	9.9	3.3	---	---	---	---	---	---	5,848.5	33.6
1959	177.1	5/4,274.4	62.4	24.1	557.3	8.1	3.1	1,266.9	18.5	7.1	752.6	11.0	4.2	---	---	---	---	---	---	6,851.2	38.7
1960	180.7	5/4,232.8	64.2	23.4	538.5	8.2	3.0	1,049.2	15.9	5.8	769.1	11.7	4.3	---	---	---	---	---	---	6,589.5	36.5
1961	183.8	5/4,048.5	61.5	22.0	535.0	8.1	2.9	1,121.1	17.1	6.1	876.7	13.3	4.8	---	---	---	---	---	---	6,581.4	35.8
1962	186.7	4,277.5	59.4	22.9	570.4	7.9	3.1	1,259.9	17.5	6.7	1,098.7	15.2	5.9	---	---	---	---	---	---	7,206.5	38.6
1963	189.4	4,136.7	55.8	21.8	558.7	7.5	2.9	1,440.6	19.4	7.6	1,286.4	17.3	6.8	---	---	---	---	---	---	7,422.4	39.2
1964	192.1	4,331.3	54.6	22.6	490.8	6.2	2.6	1,528.6	19.2	7.7	1,587.2	20.0	8.0	---	---	---	---	---	---	7,938.0	40.9
1965 7/	194.6	4,664.3	53.2	24.0	527.5	6.0	2.7	1,569.0	17.9	8.1	1,998.4	22.8	10.2	---	---	---	---	---	---	8,759.1	45.0
1966 7/	196.8	4,936.3	52.5	25.1	500.3	5.3	2.5	1,610.6	17.1	8.2	2,357.9	25.1	12.0	---	---	---	---	---	---	9,405.2	47.8
1967																					
										Mill 6/											
1954	162.4	4,127.3	68.4	25.4	384.1	6.4	2.4	1,154.7	19.1	7.1	328.6	5.4	2.0	25.0	.4	.2	15.5	.3	.1	6,035.2	37.2
1955	165.3	4,382.4	65.2	26.5	413.8	6.2	2.5	1,419.1	21.1	8.6	432.2	6.4	2.6	51.1	.8	.3	19.0	.3	.1	6,717.6	40.6
1956	168.2	4,362.6	66.6	25.9	440.8	6.7	2.6	1,200.8	18.3	7.1	484.1	7.4	2.9	42.4	.7	.3	20.6	.3	.1	6,551.2	38.9
1957	171.3	4,060.4	65.1	23.7	368.8	5.9	2.2	1,177.0	18.9	6.9	567.5	9.1	3.3	48.0	.8	.3	15.5	.2	.1	6,237.2	36.4
1958	174.1	3,866.9	64.8	22.2	331.1	5.5	1.9	1,127.2	18.9	6.5	575.3	9.6	3.3	61.7	1.0	.4	9.4	.2	.1	5,971.5	34.3
1959	177.1	4,334.5	63.3	24.5	435.3	6.4	2.5	1,252.4	18.3	7.1	741.4	10.8	4.2	70.9	1.0	.4	11.8	.2	.1	6,846.3	38.7
1960	180.7	4,190.9	64.6	23.2	411.0	6.3	2.3	1,055.4	16.3	5.8	761.6	11.7	4.2	60.8	.9	.3	11.6	.2	.1	6,491.4	35.9
1961	183.8	4,081.5	62.1	22.2	412.1	6.3	2.2	1,128.0	17.2	6.1	861.4	13.1	4.7	71.3	1.1	.4	12.7	.2	.1	6,567.0	35.7
1962	186.7	4,188.0	59.4	22.4	429.1	6.1	2.3	1,263.4	17.9	6.8	1,075.6	15.3	5.8	79.5	1.1	.4	12.4	.2	.1	7,048.0	37.8
1963	189.4	4,040.2	55.7	21.3	411.7	5.7	2.2	1,440.2	19.9	7.6	1,257.5	17.3	6.6	90.1	1.2	.5	13.1	.2	.1	7,252.8	38.3
1964	192.1	4,244.4	54.5	22.1	356.7	4.6	1.9	1,516.3	19.5	7.9	1,554.8	19.9	8.1	103.2	1.3	.5	14.2	.2	.1	7,789.6	40.6
1965 7/	194.6	4,477.5	52.7	23.0	387.0	4.5	2.0	1,550.4	18.2	8.0	1,956.0	23.0	10.1	118.0	1.4	.6	13.3	.2	.1	8,502.2	43.7
1966 7/	196.8	4,630.1	51.4	23.5	370.2	4.1	1.9	1,591.1	17.6	8.1	2,288.1	25.4	11.6	118.5	1.3	.6	13.9	.2	.1	9,012.0	45.8
1967																					

1/ Continental U.S. plus Armed Forces overseas. 2/ Totals made from unrounded data. 3/ Total consumption divided by population. 4/ "Domestic" consumption refers to mill consumption adjusted for the raw fiber equivalent of net U.S. trade in textile manufactures. Rayon and acetate data and non-cellulosic man-made fiber data include fiber waste. "All fibers" data exclude flax and silk. 5/ Includes picker lap. 6/ "Mill" consumption of cotton is the weight of running bales adjusted for tare. Wool data include apparel and carpet wool scoured basis. Rayon and acetate data and non-cellulosic man-made fiber data (includes glass) are U.S. producers' domestic shipments plus imports for consumption. Man-made fibers waste data are producers' waste consumed by mills (excludes glass). Flax and silk data are imports for consumption. 7/ Preliminary.

Man-made fibers, Textile Organon, a publication of the Textile Economics Bureau, Inc.; all other, Bureau of the Census reports.

Table 15.--Fibers consumed and percentage distribution of wool and other fibers used in woolen spinning and worsted combing, United States, January-February 1963-67

Fiber and year	Production of top		Worsted system 1/		Woolen system				Total fibers consumed	
					For yarns, except carpet and rug		For carpet and rug yarns			
	1,000 lb.	Percent	1,000 lb.	Percent	1,000 lb.	Percent	1,000 lb.	Percent	1,000 lb.	Percent
Shorn and pulled wool of the sheep										
1963	25,958	88.7	28,735	88.5	19,550	33.3	27,639	69.7	75,924	58.0
1964	22,634	85.8	24,933	85.7	16,788	31.3	24,481	56.0	66,202	52.3
1965	21,688	86.9	23,640	86.8	15,257	30.9	18,143	46.0	57,040	49.2
1966	27,086	90.2	29,641	90.2	16,999	31.5	18,117	41.6	64,757	49.7
1967 7/	19,571	90.3	21,212	90.0	15,554	32.4	13,352	38.8	50,118	47.3
Reused, reprocessed, and other wool 2/										
1963	3/	---	3/	---	25,755	43.8	4/3,112	7.9	31,362	24.0
1964	3/	---	3/	---	23,211	43.2	4/2,507	5.7	28,271	22.3
1965	3/	---	3/	---	20,692	42.0	3/	---	25,287	21.8
1966	3/	---	3/	---	21,754	40.4	4/2,266	5.2	26,330	20.2
1967 7/	3/	---	3/	---	17,164	35.8	---	---	19,778	18.7
Man-made fibers 5/										
1963	715	2.4	771	2.4	11,802	20.1	8,642	21.8	21,215	16.2
1964	867	3.3	912	3.1	12,566	23.4	16,645	38.1	30,123	23.8
1965	960	3.8	999	3.7	12,328	25.0	18,618	47.2	31,945	27.5
1966	---	---	807	2.5	13,927	25.8	22,734	52.2	37,468	28.8
1967 7/	437	2.0	---	---	14,344	29.9	19,517	56.7	34,320	32.4
Other fibers 6/										
1963	3/	---	3/	---	1,615	2.8	3/	---	2,323	1.8
1964	3/	---	3/	---	1,154	2.1	3/	---	1,962	1.6
1965	3/	---	3/	---	1,037	2.1	3/	---	1,716	1.5
1966	3/	---	3/	---	1,202	2.3	3/	---	1,748	1.3
1967 7/	3/	---	3/	---	883	1.9	3/	---	1,721	1.6
Total fibers consumed										
1963	29,273	100.0	32,459	100.0	58,722	100.0	39,643	100.0	130,824	100.0
1964	26,371	100.0	29,100	100.0	53,719	100.0	43,739	100.0	126,558	100.0
1965	24,949	100.0	27,238	100.0	49,314	100.0	39,436	100.0	115,988	100.0
1966	30,027	100.0	32,857	100.0	53,882	100.0	43,564	100.0	130,303	100.0
1967 7/	21,675	100.0	23,575	100.0	47,945	100.0	34,417	100.0	105,937	100.0

1/ Consumption on the worsted system is taken as the sum of top and noil combed.
2/ Includes mohair, alpaca, vicuna, and other specialty fibers as well as tops and noils consumed in woolen spinning and mohair consumed in worsted combing.
3/ Not reported to avoid disclosure of individual company information.
4/ Does not include other wool.
5/ Does not include man-made fiber converted from tow without combing.
6/ Includes cotton, jute, and other vegetable fibers and animal fibers, other than raw wool and mohair, consumed in worsted combing.
7/ Preliminary.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Table 16.--Finished wool apparel fabrics: Inventories and unfilled orders at the weaving mill level, by months, January 1965 to date

Year and month	Woolens		Worsteds		Wool blends (chiefly polyester)		Total	
	Inventories	Unfilled orders	Inventories	Unfilled orders	Inventories	Unfilled orders	Inventories	Unfilled orders
	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.
1965								
Jan.	15.7	44.0	4.5	34.1	2.4	28.2	22.7	106.4
Feb.	17.6	51.9	5.0	32.9	2.2	33.5	24.7	118.3
Mar.	19.6	58.5	4.6	30.1	2.0	28.4	26.2	117.0
Apr.	18.7	60.1	4.7	25.9	2.4	29.6	25.3	115.5
May	17.3	55.4	4.5	29.9	2.9	34.6	24.7	119.9
June	15.7	51.7	4.2	30.6	3.3	37.6	23.3	119.9
July	14.5	42.7	3.8	30.2	3.6	33.2	21.9	106.1
Aug.	13.2	40.6	3.3	35.3	3.9	33.6	20.4	109.5
Sept.	11.8	38.7	3.4	35.6	3.9	29.4	19.1	103.8
Oct.	10.6	36.1	3.1	40.8	3.9	24.5	17.6	101.5
Nov.	11.8	42.3	3.7	42.5	8.7	33.6	24.2	118.4
Dec.	12.6	49.9	4.2	40.9	3.3	26.8	20.2	117.6
1966								
Jan.	13.3	53.9	5.0	39.2	2.8	30.9	21.1	124.0
Feb.	14.2	56.2	6.4	36.8	2.9	31.0	23.5	124.0
Mar.	17.8	59.2	6.4	32.9	3.3	32.8	25.5	124.9
Apr.	17.9	54.7	6.1	25.1	3.6	29.5	27.7	109.4
May	16.4	53.2	5.7	26.2	3.9	32.1	25.9	111.4
June	13.6	46.7	5.2	23.4	4.4	32.4	23.1	102.5
July	12.3	39.3	4.8	23.0	4.8	30.3	21.8	92.7
Aug.	11.7	34.1	4.2	24.1	4.8	27.5	20.7	85.7
Sept.	11.4	26.2	3.9	25.4	5.2	24.7	20.4	76.3
Oct.	9.0	22.5	3.4	24.7	5.1	20.0	17.5	67.2
Nov.	10.3	24.7	4.5	26.4	4.4	14.7	19.2	65.8
Dec.	12.0	26.3	5.2	26.9	4.1	14.4	21.3	67.6
1967								
Jan.	15.1	30.7	5.7	27.9	4.5	9.8	25.3	68.4
Feb.	16.2	33.0	5.8	28.8	3.1	9.2	25.1	71.0
Mar.								
Apr.								
May								
June								
July								
Aug.								
Sept.								
Oct.								
Nov.								
Dec.								

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Table 17.--Production of woolen and worsted woven goods, by type of fabric, United States, annual 1964-66, by quarters, October-December 1965 to date 1/

Fabric	1964	1965	1966	1965	1966			
				Oct.-Dec.	Jan.-Mar.	Apr.-June	July-Sept.	Oct.-Dec.
	1,000 linear yards	1,000 linear yards	1,000 linear yards	1,000 linear yards	1,000 linear yards	1,000 linear yards	1,000 linear yards	1,000 linear yards
Woolen and worsted woven fabrics (except felt)	255,194	267,343	265,214	61,216	74,500	74,198	61,784	54,732
Apparel fabrics	247,322	257,933	250,577	57,795	70,520	70,887	58,524	50,646
Government orders	2,465	5,354	11,198	1,097	1,701	2,690	2,898	3,909
Other than Government orders	244,857	252,579	239,379	56,698	68,819	68,197	55,626	46,737
Men's and boys' clothing	81,501	95,153	86,713	20,608	27,395	25,229	18,104	15,985
Less than 9 oz.	6,693	9,121	12,806	2,653	2,950	2,555	3,555	3,746
Worsted	5,875	8,214	11,750	2,404	2,815	2,376	3,309	3,250
Woolen	818	907	1,056	249	135	179	246	496
9 oz. up to 13 oz.	58,491	68,244	59,635	13,905	19,738	18,160	11,657	10,080
Worsted	36,741	42,518	37,434	8,200	13,882	11,780	6,044	5,728
Woolen	21,750	25,726	22,201	5,705	5,856	6,380	5,613	4,352
13 oz. up to 16 oz.	6,044	6,260	4,740	1,280	1,829	1,440	767	704
Worsted	2,813	3,384	2,459	630	773	758	441	487
Woolen	3,231	2,876	2,281	650	1,056	682	326	217
16 oz. up to 20 oz.	4,443	5,016	4,668	1,113	1,311	1,656	1,160	541
Worsted	1,157	1,707	1,134	520	440	390	199	105
Woolen	3,286	3,309	3,534	593	871	1,266	961	436
20 oz. up to 26 oz.	5,311	5,919	4,520	1,513	1,452	1,333	900	835
26 oz. and over	519	593	---	144	115	2/	2/	2/
Women's and children's clothing	163,356	157,426	152,663	36,090	41,424	42,968	37,519	30,752
Less than 9 oz.	15,940	10,924	11,239	2,305	2,033	3,357	3,050	2,799
Worsted	5,560	3,073	3,424	484	524	1,095	1,204	601
Woolen	10,380	7,851	7,815	1,821	1,509	2,262	1,846	2,198
9 oz up to 13 oz.	89,863	88,833	83,236	20,452	24,829	24,039	20,775	13,593
Worsted	5,754	4,111	3,985	995	880	907	1,215	983
Woolen	84,109	84,722	79,251	19,457	23,949	23,132	19,560	12,610
13 oz. up to 16 oz.	15,714	14,053	14,119	4,038	3,362	2,784	2,879	5,094
Worsted	753	786	1,396	261	199	414	419	364
Woolen	14,961	13,267	12,723	3,777	3,163	2,370	2,460	4,730
16 oz. up to 20 oz.	21,651	21,435	20,100	4,719	5,587	5,589	4,496	4,428
Worsted	820	1,606	1,855	402	347	455	507	546
Woolen	20,831	19,829	18,245	4,317	5,240	5,134	3,989	3,882
20 oz. and over	20,188	22,181	23,969	4,576	5,613	7,199	6,319	4,838
Nonapparel fabric	7,872	9,410	14,637	3,421	3,980	3,311	3,260	4,086
Blanketing	5,247	6,820	10,473	2,783	3,178	2,149	2,260	2,886
Other	2,625	2,590	4,164	638	802	1,162	1,000	1,200
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
Woven felts	7,918	7,821	10,522	2,124	3,124	3,331	1,932	2,135
Papermakers	6,312	5,969	8,284	1,580	2,578	2,734	1,404	1,568
All others	1,606	1,705	2,238	397	546	597	528	567

1/ Fabrics wholly or chiefly by weight of wool, reused wool, reprocessed wool or other animal fibers. Blanketing in 72 inch width or equivalent, other fabrics in 54 to 60 inch width or equivalent 54 inch width.

2/ Less than 100 thousand.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Table 18.--Textile fabrics: Deliveries to U.S. military forces, raw fiber content, annual 1961-1966, by months, January 1965 to date

Year and month	Wool					Cotton					Man-Made										Total all fibers
											Cellulosic			Non-cellulosic			Total				
	100 percent wool fabrics	Wool and man-made fiber mixtures: 50 percent or more wool	Wool and man-made fiber mixtures: Less than 50 percent wool	Wool and other fiber mixtures	Total	100 percent cotton fabric	Cotton and man-made fiber mixtures: 50 percent or more cotton	Cotton and man-made fiber mixtures: Less than 50 percent cotton	Cotton and other fiber mixtures	Total	Filament yarn	Staple fiber	Total	Filament yarn	Staple fiber	Total	Filament yarn	Staple fiber	Total	Glass	
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
1961	7,108	28	13	---	7,149	45,201	43	124	---	45,368	752	---	752	662	178	840	1,414	178	1,592	164	54,273
1962	13,661	0	4	2	13,667	50,387	253	768	---	51,408	710	3	713	776	848	1,624	1,486	851	2,337	53	67,465
1963 1/	7,858	0	10	58	7,926	30,777	103	283	17	31,180	126	85	211	770	603	1,373	896	688	1,584	2	40,692
1964 1/	5,246	0	95	2/	5,341	20,363	129	1,118	0	21,610	191	20	211	544	1,380	1,934	745	1,400	2,145	14	29,110
1965 1/	3,863	0	400	346	4,609	26,522	865	124	115	27,626	253	41	294	1,469	1,484	2,953	1,722	1,525	3,247	16	35,498
1966	15,325	80	1,268	0	16,674	103,549	4,960	1,072	0	109,579	20	570	591	11,097	4,695	15,792	11,118	5,266	16,383	20	142,656
1965																					
Jan.	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/
Feb.	932	0	22	0	954	3,444	202	0	0	3,646	69	11	80	229	191	420	298	202	500	0	5,100
Mar.	575	0	67	0	642	4,343	219	9	0	4,571	131	12	143	175	323	498	306	335	641	0	5,854
Apr.	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/
May	599	0	73	0	672	2,906	265	84	0	3,255	21	18	39	144	464	608	165	482	647	0	4,574
June	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/
July	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/
Aug.	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/
Sept.	451	0	38	0	489	4,021	38	31	0	4,090	0	0	0	200	120	320	200	120	320	2/	4,899
Oct.	362	0	134	98	594	5,232	114	0	30	5,376	32	0	32	204	288	492	236	288	524	16	6,510
Nov.	502	0	35	0	537	2,725	7	0	0	2,732	0	0	0	84	47	131	84	47	131	0	3,400
Dec.	442	0	31	248	721	3,851	20	0	85	3,956	2/	0	2/	433	51	484	433	51	484	0	5,161
1966																					
Jan.	661	0	17	0	678	2,238	39	4	0	2,281	2/	0	2/	236	76	312	236	76	312	0	3,271
Feb.	912	0	42	0	954	3,542	10	0	0	3,552	2/	0	2/	294	62	356	294	62	356	9	4,871
Mar.	816	0	72	0	888	4,408	66	0	0	4,474	1	0	1	664	120	784	665	120	785	0	6,147
Apr.	795	0	48	0	843	7,079	72	0	0	7,151	1	0	1	329	102	431	330	102	432	2	8,428
May	195	0	56	0	251	1,198	16	0	0	1,214	2/	0	2/	23	75	98	24	75	99	0	1,564
June	470	0	36	0	506	3,985	101	3	0	4,089	1	0	1	402	104	506	403	104	507	0	5,102
July	888	18	198	0	1,104	10,997	277	24	0	11,297	1	0	1	1,999	532	2,531	2,000	532	2,531	1	14,933
Aug.	1,827	3	16	0	1,846	12,463	506	145	0	13,114	1	59	60	1,436	463	1,899	1,437	523	1,960	0	16,920
Sept.	2,095	0	29	0	2,124	12,579	676	175	0	13,430	3	112	115	1,359	290	1,649	1,362	402	1,764	1	17,319
Oct.	1,711	53	182	0	1,947	14,036	2,084	265	0	16,385	6	170	177	1,644	1,158	2,802	1,650	1,328	2,978	2	21,312
Nov.	3,245	0	350	0	3,595	17,750	680	368	0	18,798	4	199	203	1,619	1,040	2,659	1,623	1,239	2,862	2	25,257
Dec.	1,710	6	222	0	1,938	13,274	433	88	0	13,794	2	30	32	1,092	673	1,765	1,094	703	1,797	3	17,532
1967																					
Jan.	1,969	27	224	0	2,219	14,295	843	468	0	15,605	4	133	137	1,601	1,223	2,824	1,605	1,356	2,961	1	20,786
Feb.	2,448	0	105	0	2,552	13,824	682	280	0	14,786	3	3	6	1,870	754	2,624	1,873	756	2,629	1	19,968
Mar.																					
Apr.																					
May																					
June																					
July																					
Aug.																					
Sept.																					
Oct.																					
Nov.																					
Dec.																					

1/ Total of available data: 1963, 8 months; 1964, 10 months; 1965, 7 months, all other, 12 months.

2/ Less than 500 pounds.

3/ Not available.

Based on data from the Department of Defense.

Table 19.--Fabric deliveries to U.S. military forces, in equivalent square yards of fabric, by months, September 1965 to date

Fiber and fabric	1965					1966													1967		
	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total 1/	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.
Wool																					
Blanketing	267	57	418	512	2,532	634	817	197	489	60	216	504	990	845	1,060	2,169	840	8,821	1,209	1,328	
Flannel	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	
Frieze	78	43	23	0	144	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	0	0	
Gabardine	68	0	0	0	110	0	66	61	110	38	126	159	261	337	160	172	310	1,800	88	919	
Kersey	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Melton	0	167	121	34	1,094	68	32	0	34	32	14	59	123	201	241	453	487	1,744	443	295	
Pile	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Serge	150	177	20	22	921	52	58	153	286	65	272	415	956	1,413	808	1,243	632	6,353	759	696	
Tropical	0	73	0	0	73	33	151	217	153	119	0	35	231	258	1	57	5	1,260	0	0	
Other	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	20	0	13	0	0	0	0	14	0	50	0	0	
Total	563	517	582	568	4,875	807	1,124	631	1,092	314	641	1,182	2,561	3,054	2,270	4,108	2,274	20,058	2,499	3,238	
Mixed Fiber																					
Cotton and wool	0	195	0	441	636	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Cotton and cellulosic	0	0	0	1	1	1	4	6	5	2	5	7	258	560	830	985	172	2,835	630	33	
Cotton and non-cellulosic	297	368	25	4	3,378	161	0	174	189	4	324	1,106	2,408	1,723	5,845	3,573	1,581	17,088	5,392	5,071	
Cotton and glass	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Cotton and other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Wool and cellulosic	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Wool and non-cellulosic	238	826	216	192	2,475	108	263	443	300	346	222	1,327	110	177	1,258	2,161	1,389	8,104	1,450	647	
Wool and other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Cotton, wool and cellulosic	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Cotton, wool and non-cellulosic	0	30	0	154	184	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Cellulosic and non-cellulosic	0	0	0	0	382	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	535	1,419	241	792	7,056	270	267	623	494	352	551	2,440	2,776	2,460	7,933	6,719	3,142	28,027	7,472	5,751	
Cotton																					
Total	6,698	10,618	4,777	8,138	51,373	4,577	6,274	7,957	13,102	2,510	7,282	20,204	21,816	21,802	23,809	30,408	22,011	181,752	24,570	24,808	
Man-Made																					
Cellulosic																					
Total	0	138	0	0	896	0	0	0	1	2/	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	
Non-cellulosic																					
Total	1,502	2,573	203	1,552	8,324	754	1,093	1,917	1,709	98	2,075	4,342	5,145	6,032	6,371	7,505	4,841	41,882	6,485	6,975	
Glass	1	24	0	0	25	0	24	0	4	0	0	4	0	4	9	4	4	53	5	10	
Total man-made	1,503	2,735	203	1,552	9,245	754	1,117	1,917	1,714	98	2,076	4,347	5,146	6,036	6,380	7,509	4,845	41,939	6,490	6,985	
Total all fibers	9,299	15,289	5,803	11,050	72,549	6,408	8,782	11,128	16,402	3,274	10,550	28,173	32,299	33,352	40,392	48,744	32,272	271,776	41,031	40,782	

1/ Total for 7 months.
2/ Less than 500 square yards.
Based on data from the Department of Defense.

Table 20.--Raw wool content of United States imports for consumption of wool manufactures, annual 1962-66 and by months, January 1966 to date 1/

Year and month	Tops and advanced wool	Yarns	Woven fabrics 2/	Wool blankets 3/	Wearing apparel: Knit	Wearing apparel: Other than knit 4/	Other manufactures 5/	Subtotal	Noils	Waste 6/	Carpets and rugs	Total
	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.
1962	5,717	9,162	22,108	337	12,629	10,161	5,297	65,411	36,569	14,111	29,546	145,637
1963	6,457	9,992	22,266	420	17,966	10,073	5,364	72,538	41,729	16,263	22,019	152,549
1964	3,079	8,217	19,804	535	20,282	8,139	1,201	61,261	38,075	14,420	27,395	141,147
1965	8,088	11,257	25,702	744	27,617	7,826	1,752	82,986	34,291	17,402	21,437	156,116
1966 8/	10,363	12,970	24,834	747	25,787	7,232	1,668	83,601	27,647	16,229	15,381	142,858
1966 8/												
Jan.	1,274	998	1,928	69	1,272	321	179	6,041	3,039	1,651	1,282	12,013
Feb.	1,090	846	2,166	40	999	189	136	5,466	2,731	1,639	1,079	10,915
Mar.	979	1,104	3,184	33	1,123	213	101	6,737	3,197	1,908	1,478	13,320
Apr.	773	1,461	2,914	39	1,301	226	154	6,868	2,224	1,694	1,930	12,716
May	800	1,758	2,440	93	1,869	241	191	7,392	2,227	1,627	1,398	12,644
June	1,238	1,189	1,863	86	2,975	535	255	8,141	2,380	1,173	1,115	12,809
July	825	1,195	1,934	80	3,012	997	197	8,240	2,301	1,111	1,150	12,802
Aug.	723	1,319	2,452	84	3,382	1,432	128	9,520	2,250	1,466	1,563	14,799
Sept.	809	1,273	1,780	72	3,219	1,270	129	8,552	2,595	986	1,449	13,582
Oct.	616	663	1,425	57	2,934	941	80	6,716	1,703	1,081	1,065	10,565
Nov.	378	565	1,520	50	2,232	601	62	5,408	1,688	1,053	1,021	9,170
Dec.	858	599	1,238	44	1,469	266	56	4,520	1,312	840	851	7,523
1967 8/												
Jan.	866	881	1,777	44	1,041	275	30	4,914	1,947	1,093	913	8,867
Feb.	561	648	1,725	26	846	236	32	4,074	2,702	1,004	696	8,476
Mar.	563	1,053	2,765	58	966	202	135	5,742	2,849	1,217	831	10,639
1966 8/												
Jan.-Mar.	3,343	2,948	7,278	142	3,394	723	416	18,244	8,967	5,198	3,839	36,248
1967 8/												
Jan.-Mar.	1,990	2,582	6,267	128	2,853	713	197	14,730	7,498	3,314	2,440	27,982

See footnotes end of table

Table 21.--Raw wool content of United States exports of domestic wool manufactures, annual 1962-66 and by months, January 1966 to date 1/

Year and month	Tops and advanced wool	Yarns	Fabrics woven and knit	Wool blankets	Wearing apparel: Knit	Wearing apparel: Other than knit	Other manufactures 7/	Felts	Subtotal	Noils and wastes 6/	Carpets and rugs	Total
	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.
1962	291	221	654	173	126	273	442	170	2,350	1,444	575	4,369
1963	873	229	701	89	145	266	580	198	3,081	2,038	470	5,589
1964	370	228	748	239	201	390	893	276	3,345	3,281	372	6,998
1965	433	185	804	213	349	512	2,132	1,534	6,162	8,876	614	15,652
1966 8/	458	272	586	182	348	600	1,979	1,279	5,704	6,399	588	12,691
1966 8/												
Jan.	21	21	36	12	14	52	132	178	466	301	46	813
Feb.	19	7	56	7	20	62	152	82	405	458	54	917
Mar.	43	45	92	10	25	43	135	219	612	922	43	1,577
Apr.	61	24	50	13	44	45	178	89	504	805	44	1,353
May	11	13	45	11	14	57	148	79	378	843	22	1,243
June	60	14	63	12	26	44	172	48	439	628	47	1,114
July	63	13	44	9	22	45	252	70	518	710	42	1,270
Aug.	15	19	51	26	33	21	126	70	361	407	29	797
Sept.	32	46	51	24	35	55	128	86	457	190	53	700
Oct.	73	24	39	26	42	77	205	191	677	395	49	1,121
Nov.	22	31	34	21	42	50	168	64	432	356	48	836
Dec.	38	15	25	11	31	49	183	103	455	384	111	950
1967 8/												
Jan.	37	29	44	11	26	31	132	129	439	420	51	910
Feb.	65	36	50	9	42	37	97	45	381	393	37	811
Mar.	34	27	37	11	44	38	122	106	419	605	42	1,066
1966 8/												
Jan.-Mar.	83	73	184	29	59	157	419	479	1,483	1,681	143	3,307
1967 8/												
Jan.-Mar.	136	92	131	31	112	106	351	280	1,239	1,418	130	2,787

1/ Includes manufactures of mohair, alpaca, and other wool-like specialty hair. 2/ Includes pile fabrics and manufactures, tapestry and upholstery goods, press and billiard cloths. 3/ Includes carriage and automobile robes, streamer rugs, etc. 4/ Includes laces, lace articles, veils and veilings, nets and nettings, when reported in pounds. 5/ Includes knit fabrics in the piece and miscellaneous manufactures not elsewhere specified. 6/ Not including rags. Beginning January 1965, export data includes substantial quantities of non-wool animal hair. 7/ Census Bureau's Schedule B classification designated manufactures, n.e.c. 8/ Preliminary.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Table 22.--Production of man-made fibers, United States, 1955 to date

Year	Cellulosic fibers				
	Rayon		Acetate		Total rayon and acetate
	Filament yarn and monofilament	Staple and tow	Filament yarn and monofilament	Staple and tow	
	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds
1955	635.0	337.8	230.1	57.8	1,260.7
1956	556.8	341.0	192.8	57.3	1,147.9
1957	506.4	371.2	207.9	53.9	1,139.4
1958	413.1	324.2	222.6	75.0	1,034.9
1959	508.1	359.1	229.6	70.0	1,166.8
1960	426.3	314.0	228.2	60.0	1,028.5
1961	392.7	400.5	249.0	53.0	1,095.2
1962	420.4	500.0	305.7	46.0	1,272.1
1963	400.2	579.1	309.5	60.0	1,348.8
1964	411.6	594.3	365.9	60.0	1,431.8
1965	433.8	648.0	391.2	54.0	1,527.0
1966	405.5	659.2	394.3	60.0	1,519.0

Year	Non-cellulosic fibers			Textile glass fiber	Total man-made fiber
	Filament yarn and monofilament	Staple and tow	Total		
	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds
1955	274.0	105.3	379.3	75.8	1,715.8
1956	273.1	127.2	400.3	96.5	1,644.7
1957	335.0	180.7	515.7	110.5	1,765.6
1958	320.0	170.5	490.5	103.8	1,629.2
1959	412.2	233.1	645.3	147.4	1,959.5
1960	437.4	239.8	677.2	177.0	1,882.7
1961	497.2	253.7	750.9	149.3	1,995.4
1962	627.4	345.5	972.9	190.3	2,435.3
1963	712.8	443.2	1,156.0	191.9	2,696.7
1964	847.6	559.1	1,406.7	239.5	3,078.0
1965	997.7	779.2	1,776.9	282.3	3,586.2
1966	1,161.2	904.0	2,065.2	332.3	3,916.5

Compiled from Textile Organon.

Table 23.--Price per pound of British Dominion wool, (Bradford grade), by months, January 1964 to date

Year and month	Combing							
	70's	64's	60's	58's	56's	50's	48's	46's
	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents
1964								
January	141.1	134.1	128.3	123.6	117.8	107.3	102.6	100.3
February	145.7	138.7	132.9	128.2	120.0	109.5	103.7	100.2
March	144.6	137.6	131.7	127.0	118.9	108.4	101.4	99.1
April	135.3	129.5	123.6	120.1	114.3	105.0	100.3	98.0
May	127.1	119.0	114.3	112.0	107.3	96.8	94.5	92.1
June	129.2	121.1	116.4	114.1	105.9	95.5	93.1	90.8
July	125.5	117.4	113.9	111.6	105.8	95.3	93.0	90.7
August	124.2	117.3	112.6	110.3	106.8	97.5	94.0	92.9
September	122.9	116.0	112.5	110.2	100.9	91.6	88.1	88.1
October	120.6	113.7	109.0	106.7	99.7	89.3	87.0	85.8
November	119.5	112.6	107.9	104.4	96.3	85.9	84.7	83.5
December	115.1	107.0	102.3	96.5	91.9	80.2	76.7	75.6
1965								
January	114.0	104.7	100.0	93.0	90.7	80.3	75.6	74.4
February	115.3	106.0	100.2	92.0	88.5	80.4	75.7	74.5
March	111.7	102.4	95.4	88.4	86.1	76.8	73.3	71.0
April	113.0	103.7	96.7	89.7	87.4	81.6	78.1	75.7
May	113.0	103.7	96.7	90.9	85.1	81.6	78.1	75.8
June	110.5	102.4	96.6	93.1	83.8	79.1	75.6	73.8
July	114.0	107.0	102.3	98.8	87.2	84.9	81.4	79.1
August	112.8	107.0	102.3	98.8	91.9	87.2	82.6	80.2
September	114.2	108.4	103.7	100.2	93.2	83.9	81.6	79.2
October	121.5	113.3	108.6	103.9	94.6	86.4	82.9	81.8
November	123.8	115.7	111.0	107.5	97.0	86.4	82.9	81.8
December	122.6	113.3	108.6	105.1	96.9	82.9	79.4	77.1
1966								
January	125.0	114.5	109.8	106.3	95.8	82.9	77.1	74.8
February	127.3	116.8	110.9	103.9	94.6	82.9	77.1	73.6
March	130.4	121.1	115.3	108.3	97.8	86.2	78.0	74.5
April	123.7	123.4	117.6	110.6	101.3	87.3	76.8	73.3
May	131.5	123.3	117.5	109.4	102.4	87.3	76.8	72.1
June	130.2	123.2	117.4	110.4	102.3	87.2	76.7	72.1
July	130.1	123.2	117.4	110.4	102.3	87.2	76.7	72.0
August	127.8	120.8	116.2	109.2	102.3	83.7	74.4	70.9
September	124.4	117.4	112.7	106.9	98.8	80.2	73.2	69.7
October	121.0	112.8	107.0	101.2	95.4	79.1	73.3	69.8
November	118.6	110.5	105.8	98.9	96.5	77.9	72.1	69.8
December	117.4	109.3	104.6	97.7	95.3	75.6	70.9	68.6
1967								
January	117.5	108.2	102.3	95.4	89.5	74.4	69.8	67.4
February	119.9	111.8	104.8	97.8	92.0	75.7	69.8	67.5
March	117.7	109.5	102.5	95.5	93.2	75.7	69.9	67.6
April	120.1	110.8	102.6	95.6	93.3	75.8	70.0	67.6

Compiled from reports of New Zealand Wool Commission.

Table 24.--Wool: Estimated mill consumption in selected countries, clean content, annual 1964-66, by quarters, October-December 1965 to date

Country	Year			1965	1966				Percentage change	
	1964	1965	1966	Oct.-Dec.	Jan.-Mar.	Apr.-June	July-Sept.	Oct.-Dec.	Oct.-Dec. 1966 to Oct.-Dec. 1965	1966 compared with 1965
	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Pct.	Pct.
United States 1/	356.7	387.0	370.2	98.1	105.4	100.9	87.2	76.7	-21.8	- 4.4
United Kingdom	418.3	402.6	388.2	104.6	104.9	102.1	87.9	93.3	-10.8	- 3.6
France	265.5	254.6	276.1	70.4	74.8	74.4	62.3	64.6	- 8.2	+ 8.4
Japan	333.7	350.4	395.0	93.8	92.5	100.5	99.9	102.2	+ 8.9	+12.7
Italy	185.1	189.4	236.7	55.7	56.0	65.2	54.5	60.9	+ 9.3	+25.0
West Germany	142.2	153.0	161.7	41.6	43.2	42.5	36.5	39.5	- 5.1	+ 5.7
Belgium	95.1	97.9	97.6	27.2	27.8	24.3	19.7	26.5	- 2.6	- .3
Australia	77.1	78.3	---	18.8	16.7	19.0	19.3	---	---	---
Netherlands	21.5	21.4	21.7	6.6	5.8	5.0	4.8	5.3	-19.7	+ 1.4
Total	1,895.2	1,934.6	2/1,947.2	516.8	527.1	533.9	472.1	2/469.0	---	---

1/ Consumption on woolen and worsted system only.
2/ Total excludes Australia.

Compiled from reports of the Commonwealth Secretariat and the Bureau of the Census.

Table 25.--Production of wool and hair tops, woolen and worsted yarn, and wool woven fabrics, by specified countries, annual 1964-1966, by quarters, October-December 1965 to date

Country	Year			1965	1966				Percentage change	
	1964	1965	1966	Oct.-Dec.	Jan.-Mar.	Apr.-June	July-Sept.	Oct.-Dec.	Oct.-Dec. 1966 to Oct.-Dec. 1965	1966 compared with 1965
	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds	Percent	Percent
Tops										
United Kingdom	265.3	247.6	229.8	63.3	63.4	60.1	53.0	53.3	-15.8	- 7.2
France	192.8	188.8	211.0	52.4	56.3	55.9	47.1	51.7	- 1.3	+11.7
Japan	272.8	273.3	314.2	73.0	74.0	79.3	78.9	82.1	+12.5	+15.0
Italy	109.6	117.8	153.0	36.9	36.9	43.7	34.9	37.5	+ 1.6	+29.9
United States	147.3	174.7	166.4	45.6	47.6	46.4	39.8	32.5	-28.7	- 4.8
West Germany	89.1	78.4	84.8	20.8	21.3	22.3	20.3	21.0	+ 1.0	+ 8.2
Belgium	61.7	64.8	62.3	16.8	16.4	16.2	13.3	16.4	- 2.4	- 3.9
Australia	49.9	51.8	---	12.2	10.9	12.0	12.3	---	---	---
Uruguay	29.6	22.2	27.6	6.5	9.4	9.4	6.2	2.6	-60.0	+24.3
Netherlands	2.6	2.6	2.3	.7	.7	.5	.5	.6	-14.3	-11.5
Total	1,220.7	1,222.0 1/	1,251.4	328.2	336.9	345.7	306.4	1/297.7	---	---
Worsted yarn										
United Kingdom	236.3	227.0	221.3	59.3	59.4	57.6	50.5	53.8	- 9.3	- 2.5
Italy	144.1	166.1	193.8	49.5	49.3	51.1	44.8	48.5	- 2.0	+16.7
France	198.3	183.6	214.6	55.3	58.1	57.9	43.2	55.4	+ .2	+16.9
West Germany	138.3	139.7	157.5	38.4	41.1	39.8	37.6	39.0	+ 1.6	+12.7
Japan	232.2	238.7	261.5	62.4	61.7	65.9	66.2	67.7	+ 8.5	+ 9.6
Belgium	86.2	94.6	107.2	26.9	28.3	27.7	22.6	28.7	+ 6.7	+13.3
Netherlands	24.5	20.8	20.0	6.4	5.7	5.1	4.4	5.1	-20.3	- 3.9
Australia	23.9	23.7	---	6.1	4.9	4.9	4.7	---	---	---
Total	1,083.8	1,094.2 1/	1,175.9	304.3	308.5	310.0	274.0	1/298.2	---	---
Woolen yarn										
United Kingdom	325.8	321.8	314.7	83.6	83.7	81.8	69.8	79.5	- 4.9	- 2.2
Italy	297.3	268.2	285.2	73.9	69.3	75.1	70.3	70.5	- 4.6	+ 6.3
France	126.3	102.3	106.4	28.0	27.5	29.6	21.6	27.8	- .7	+ 4.0
West Germany	126.5	133.1	112.6	34.4	32.4	30.5	24.8	24.9	-27.6	-15.4
Japan	118.5	103.5	100.2	25.4	22.9	27.3	26.3	23.6	- 7.1	- 3.2
Belgium	51.1	47.7	50.1	13.5	13.3	13.5	10.0	13.2	- 2.2	+ 5.0
Netherlands	44.8	40.0	38.0	10.8	10.2	10.3	8.5	9.0	-16.7	- 5.0
Australia	29.6	30.9	---	7.5	6.6	8.1	8.4	---	---	---
Total	1,119.9	1,047.5 1/	1,007.2	277.1	266.0	276.2	239.7	1/248.5	---	---
Woven fabrics										
	Mil. sq. yd.	Mil.sq. yd.	Mil. sq. yd.	Mil. sq. yd.	Mil.sq. yd.	Mil.sq. yd.	Mil.sq. yd.	Mil. sq. yd.		
United States	412.8	434.2	433.3	99.6	109.9	128.1	101.2	90.0	- 9.6	- .2
United Kingdom	358.3	355.8	332.8	94.6	87.8	80.3	79.0	85.8	- 9.3	- 6.5
Japan	423.1	413.7	417.2	109.4	100.4	102.0	109.2	105.6	- 3.5	+ .8
Italy	234.1	206.5	260.9	59.9	63.1	69.9	62.4	65.8	+ 9.8	+26.3
France	229.5	193.0	218.3	54.8	56.8	58.4	46.0	57.2	+ 4.4	+13.1
West Germany	174.2	185.3	181.9	50.6	47.2	47.3	41.3	46.1	- 8.9	- 1.8
Netherlands	73.5	64.9	66.4	17.5	18.2	16.7	15.8	15.6	-10.9	+ 2.3
Australia	35.1	34.5	---	8.5	7.5	8.0	7.7	---	---	---
Total	1,940.6	1,887.9 1/	1,910.6	494.8	490.9	510.7	462.6	1/466.9	---	---
Belgium (Mil. lb.)	43.5	38.2	36.6	10.3	9.0	9.2	8.4	9.0	-12.6	- 4.2

1/ Total excludes Australia.

Compiled from reports of the Commonwealth Secretariat.

Table 26.—World trade in wool tops, woolen and worsted yarn, and exports of woolen and worsted fabrics, by specified countries, annual 1964-1966, by quarter, October-December 1965 to date

Country	Year			1965	1966				Percentage change	
	1964	1965	1966	Oct.-Dec.	Jan.-Mar.	Apr.-June	July-Sept.	Oct.-Dec.	Oct.-Dec. 1966 to Oct.-Dec. 1965	1966 compared with 1965
	Mil lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Pct.	Pct.
Tops										
Exports										
United Kingdom	75.1	64.0	62.7	16.4	16.9	16.0	14.4	15.4	- 6.1	- 2.0
France	53.1	59.4	59.7	16.6	17.5	16.4	12.2	13.6	-18.1	+ .5
Uruguay	29.5	22.2	30.2	6.5	9.4	9.4	6.1	5.3	-18.5	+36.0
Australia	20.5	22.0	24.2	4.9	5.2	6.5	6.2	6.3	+28.6	+10.0
Belgium	19.8	28.5	27.2	7.5	6.6	7.7	5.9	1/	---	- 4.6
Rep. of South Africa	9.3	10.0	13.0	3.2	3.0	3.5	3.2	3.3	+ 3.1	+30.0
Japan	17.2	13.2	9.2	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.2	1.9	-26.9	-30.3
West Germany	4.8	7.2	7.7	2.3	2.1	1.7	1.7	2/ 1.0	---	+ 6.9
Argentina	11.3	5.1	5.2	1.5	1.3	1.0	1.6	1.3	-13.3	+ 2.0
Switzerland	1.0	1.1	1.2	.4	.3	.4	.2	.3	-25.0	+ 9.1
Total	241.6	232.7	240.3	61.9	64.9	65.1	53.7	56.6	- 8.6	+ 3.3
Imports										
Belgium	36.0	44.8	53.6	13.3	14.1	14.5	11.5	1/	---	+19.6
Netherlands	18.5	16.4	16.2	4.4	5.4	4.5	3.7	2.6	-40.9	- 1.2
India	4.2	1.1	.6	.3	.3	---	.1	1/	---	-45.5
West Germany	20.6	22.2	25.0	5.1	6.0	7.2	6.1	2/ 3.7	---	+12.6
Canada	16.4	18.0	17.3	4.5	4.5	3.4	4.8	1/	---	- 3.9
Switzerland	14.7	12.0	14.6	3.3	4.3	3.5	3.1	3.7	+12.1	+21.7
Italy	23.3	19.3	12.5	5.1	4.1	3.0	2.9	2/ 1.7	---	-35.2
Greece	7.8	10.5	11.8	2.7	2.7	3.2	2/ 2.1	1/	---	+12.4
Japan	5.3	3.0	4.8	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.3	2/ .9	---	+60.0
Sweden	5.8	5.5	4.6	1.3	1.3	1.2	.8	2/ 1.1	---	-16.4
France	4.3	5.3	5.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.1	1.4	-12.5	+ 7.5
United States	3.1	8.1	10.3	2.6	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	-30.8	+27.2
Denmark	3.3	2.6	2.6	.7	.8	.6	.6	.6	-14.3	---
Norway	3.7	3.0	3.3	.8	1.4	.3	.7	.8	---	+10.0
United Kingdom	2.2	1.8	2.4	.5	.8	.6	.5	.6	+20.0	+33.3
Irish Republic	3.0	2.6	4.1	.4	.9	1.0	1.2	.8	+100.0	+57.7
Total	172.2	176.2	189.4	47.6	52.5	48.7	43.9	44.2	- 7.2	+ 7.5
Yarns										
Exports										
France	50.7	53.8	50.7	14.4	12.5	11.6	14.1	12.5	-13.2	- 5.8
Belgium	54.1	57.5	64.0	15.9	15.6	18.2	13.7	3/ 4.7	---	+11.3
United Kingdom	32.1	30.2	29.2	7.5	7.4	7.5	6.4	7.9	+ 5.3	- 3.3
Italy	22.9	28.6	23.9	7.4	5.8	7.1	5.9	5.1	-31.1	-16.4
Japan	19.7	20.6	30.9	6.3	6.2	9.4	7.6	7.7	+22.2	+50.0
Netherlands	14.4	13.0	14.7	4.1	3.7	3.7	3.5	3.8	- 7.3	+13.1
West Germany	7.7	8.4	7.9	2.1	1.8	2.2	2.0	2/ 1.3	---	- 6.0
Austria	4.5	5.0	6.6	1.5	1.4	1.8	1.5	1.9	+26.7	+32.0
Switzerland	5.2	4.4	4.7	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.2	- 7.7	+ 6.8
Total	211.3	221.5	232.6	60.5	55.5	62.8	55.8	58.5	- 3.3	+ 5.0
Imports										
West Germany	70.6	76.7	70.3	20.7	19.1	19.8	15.4	2/ 10.6	---	- 8.4
Netherlands	27.4	26.2	28.9	7.7	7.6	8.0	6.5	6.8	-11.7	+10.3
Belgium	14.9	14.7	16.8	4.3	4.5	4.5	3.6	3/ 1.3	---	+14.3
Sweden	7.7	6.9	6.1	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.4	-22.2	-11.6
Switzerland	4.8	4.2	3.9	1.1	.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	- 9.1	- 7.1
Denmark	9.9	11.0	11.4	3.1	2.7	3.0	2.7	3.0	- 3.2	+ 3.6
United Kingdom	5.2	3.5	3.7	.9	.9	1.1	1.0	.8	-11.1	+ 5.7
Austria	7.5	6.7	6.9	1.9	1.6	2.0	1.6	1.7	-10.5	+ 3.0
United States	7.9	11.3	13.0	3.4	2.9	4.4	3.8	1.8	-47.1	+15.0
Norway	2.8	2.1	3.1	.8	.7	.7	.7	1.0	+25.0	+47.6
Canada	4.8	3.0	3.9	.8	.8	.8	1.3	3/ .3	---	+30.0
Irish Republic	5.3	3.3	2.7	.8	.7	.6	.7	2/ .5	---	-18.2
Total	168.8	169.6	170.7	47.3	43.9	47.4	39.9	39.4	-16.7	+ .6
Fabrics										
Exports										
Italy	105.3	117.0	124.9	31.5	23.6	38.4	39.7	23.2	-26.4	+ 6.7
United Kingdom	47.8	48.6	45.3	12.2	11.2	10.7	11.6	11.8	- 3.3	- 6.8
Belgium	26.3	15.2	15.9	3.9	4.0	4.3	3.6	3/ 1.2	---	+ 4.6
Japan	21.7	27.0	24.1	7.3	6.6	5.7	6.2	5.7	-21.9	-10.8
Netherlands	12.4	13.0	13.2	3.2	3.3	3.5	3.5	2.9	- 9.4	+ 1.5
France	13.5	13.0	16.7	3.5	3.1	3.9	4.6	5.1	+45.7	+28.5
West Germany	6.7	7.6	10.1	2.2	2.1	2.3	2.9	2/ 1.2	---	+32.9
Switzerland	3.1	3.4	3.9	.9	.9	1.0	1.1	.9	---	+14.7
Austria	2.7	2.0	3.1	.5	.4	.9	1.1	.7	+40.0	+55.0
Total	239.5	246.8	257.2	65.2	55.2	70.7	74.3	57.1	-12.4	+ 4.2

1/ Not available, estimate included in total. 2/ Total for 2 months. 3/ Total for 1 month.

Compiled from reports of the Commonwealth Secretariat.

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